

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JAN. 17, 1895.

NUMBER 21.

Genuine 1-4 Off Sale.

Only One Week More.

Take advantage while you have the chance of the greatest bargain sale ever given in Chelsea. A sale that is in every respect just as advertised.

Not a Removal Sale.

Not a going out of business sale where they try to unload old goods. This sale means one-fourth off on what you want. One-fourth off on new goods marked in plain figures at prices to compare with the times. Everything goes. You select from the cream of the stock and we take one-fourth off on every cash purchase.

Dry Goods 1-4 Off.

All Cloaks, Capes and Shawls $\frac{1}{4}$ off. Not an old one among them.
All Carpets and Oil Cloth $\frac{1}{4}$ off. Every piece we show is new.
All Boots and Shoes $\frac{1}{4}$ off. Largest stock, most complete assortment in Chelsea to select from, Armstrong Shoes, Plant Shoes, Little Giant Shoes, all included.
All Rubber Goods $\frac{1}{4}$ off.

All Clothing 1-4 off.

Beautiful Ulsters and Overcoats, all this season's make and marked 25 percent below the price asked by dealers in other towns, still go at $\frac{1}{4}$ off.
All furnishing Goods $\frac{1}{4}$ off. All Hats and caps $\frac{1}{4}$ off. All Gloves and Mittens $\frac{1}{4}$ off. All Trunks and Traveling Bags $\frac{1}{4}$ off. All Curtains and Draperies $\frac{1}{4}$ off. Don't hesitate to come in and ask us to show you goods. No goods sold to dealers during this sale except in the usual way. Goods charged only at regular prices.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

For the Next 30 Days

Will Give

Special Bargains

In

Furniture,
Stoves,
Hardware,
Lamps,
and Crockery.

HOAG & HOLMES.

A few Cutters for sale Cheap.

WE Are Offering some Great Bargains

In Shoes. While others are crying one-fourth and one-half off, our prices are always far below.

24 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00
25 pounds brown sugar \$1.00
2 packages yeast cakes for 5 cents

Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.
Good roasted coffee 19 cents per pound.
Good New Orleans Molasses 25c per gal

Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c per lb., it is fine.
Bring us your butter and eggs, we will give you the highest market price. Yours for Bargains,

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials *

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

Chelsea Union Schools.

Whole number enrolled..... 358
Number left for all causes..... 20
Number of re-entries 11
Number belonging at end of month.... 345
Aggregate tardiness..... 41
Time lost by teachers in half days..... 1
No. of times teachers have been tardy 1
Number of non-resident pupils..... 48
Number of suspensions..... 1
No. of cases of corporal punishment... 0
No. of pupils neither absent nor tardy 200
E. E. WEBSTER, Supt.

Roll of honor for month ending Dec. 21, 1894, including all who have not been tardy, and whose standings in scholarship, attendance and deportment have been 90 or above. The star indicates that the pupil has not been absent.

FIRST GRADE.

Merrill Adams Guy North*
Pauline Burg* Eva Pottenger
Helena Haag* Roy Williams*
ADAH PRUDDEN, Teacher.

SECOND GRADE.

Flora Atkinson Adolph Heller
Annie Corey* Esther Seltz*
Joseph Eisele*
S. E. VANTYNE, Teacher.

THIRD GRADE.

Arthur Armstrong* Alfred Icheldinger*
Annie Barrus* Nettie Lane*
George Bacon* John Miller*
Florence Eisenman* Clayton Schenk*
Harold Glazier
M. A. VANTYNE, Teacher.

FOURTH GRADE.

Helen Burg* Fredericka Lambert
Ernest Cooke* Emmett Page
Leila Geddies* Arthur Rattrey*
Howard Holmes* Herbert Schenk*
It. Kantleiner* Rollin Schenk
Christina Kalmbach* Willie Wilkins
DORA HARRINGTON, Teacher

FIFTH GRADE.

Lee Ackerson* Herman Foster*
Carrie Alber Vera Glazier
Rina Alexander* Oscar Gilbert
Mabel Bacon* Myria Guerin*
Cecilia Bacon* Clara Icheldinger
Luella Buchanan* Emil Mast*
Grace Cook* Geo. Speer*
Pauli a Easterle B. Schwiketh*
Rosa Easterle Rosa Zulke*
Helen Eder
LIBBIE DEFEW, Teacher.

SIXTH GRADE.

Warren Eddes* Emily Steinbach*
Louise Heber*
MARA L. WHEELER, Teacher.

SEVENTH GRADE.

Wortie Bacon Maggie Pottinger
Mable Brooks Bertha Schumacher
Bernard Miller* Lizzie Schwiketh*
Evelyn Miller* Josie Martin*
HENRY J. STIMSON, Teacher.

EIGHTH GRADE.

George Doody Emma Wines.
Florence Ward
FLORENCE BACHMAN, Teacher.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Edith Boyd* Fred Johnson*
Mary Broesmale Flora Kempf
Aaron Buss Lena Kruse*
Archie Clark* Lena Miller*
Elvira Clark* Faye Moon
Ethel Cole Minnie Schumacher*
Wm. Doll* Will Schultz*
Mabel Fletcher* Hattie Spaulding*
Ida Forner* Bertha Spaulding*
Edith Foster* Helena Steinbach*
Lillie Gerard Tracy Sweetland*
Mary Goodrich* Frank Taylor*
Helen Hepler Orlie Wood*
Nerissa Hoppe* Eric Zucke*
Nettie Hudson*
C. McCLASKIE and N. STORMS, Teachers

Selecting a Hat.

Attention to a few simple rules will assist any one to select from the various hats of the season one distinctly suited to her peculiar needs. People with thin, delicately modeled faces, whose chins are inclined to be pointed, should avoid the bonnets with the broad frontal trimmings or hats with wide, straight brims, as they have a tendency to emphasize the "pointedness" of the face, giving it the look of a flat-iron or wedge. Such faces should be surmounted by hats with rolling brims and bonnets of high oval shape or trimming.

It cost very little money to subscribe for a good newspaper, yet there are people who do not read the papers, but send their money to "blind pool" swindlers and go to New York to buy green goods, and are taken by swindlers that have been exposed again and again. No regular newspaper reader ever expects to get 150 per cent. a month on money sent to be invested at the dis creation of an unknown firm.

THIS "AD"

Is written solely for the purpose of making a customer of you if you are not already

Trading at the

Bank Drug Store.

Everybody knows that we have a reputation for selling standard goods cheaper than other people, but if we don't keep

Pounding Away at Them

With printer's ink, they are apt to neglect even **their own interests.** Advertising costs, so we have to talk with **cold figures**

Right to the Point.

24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00
A good tea dust at 8 cents per pound.
28 pounds choice brown sugar for \$1.00.
A good sugar syrup at 18 cents per gallon.
Choice canned corn 7 cents per can.
A 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ pound can baked beans for 10 cents.
Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.
3 cans best tomatoes for 25 cents.
7 cakes good laundry soap for 25 cents.
Our New Orleans Molasses cannot be surpassed for the money.
Try them.
Highest market price for eggs.

Verily, merrily, more and more,
It pays to trade at Glazier's Store.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

24 lbs. GRANULATED SUGAR FOR One Dollar.

We carry in stock a fine line of Groceries and Crockery. We handle none but the best goods, and our prices are as low as any for good goods. Yours truly,
GEO. BLAICH.

Chelsea Steam Laundry,

S. A. Mapes, Prop.,

North Street, West., Chelsea, Michigan.

We now have every facility for doing first-class work, and will make every effort to merit your patronage. Give us a call.

S. A. MAPES.

Goods Called For and Delivered.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.

On the 7th a bill was introduced in the senate for the admission of Oklahoma as a state and one was reported favorably for the relief of homestead settlers on timber lands in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan who suffered loss by forest fires. Resolutions of respect to the memory of Gen. Post, of Illinois, were passed. In the house the death of Gen. Post, was announced, and after appropriate resolutions an adjournment was taken.

On the 8th the conference report on the military academy appropriation bill was agreed to in the senate and the house bill for the relief of homestead settlers in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan was favorably reported. Senator Lodge's resolution calling for information why United States ships of war had been withdrawn from Hawaiian waters was discussed. In the house the general debate on the Carlisle currency bill came to an end. The feature of the day was the speech of Mr. Sibley (dem., Pa.) who made an attack on the president and arraigned the democratic party generally for drifting away from its traditional moorings. A currency bill was introduced by Mr. Wadsworth (N. Y.), the principal feature of which is the issue of 2 per cent bonds payable in fifty years.

In the senate on the 9th the urgent deficiency bill was reported without amendments. The bill for the relief of homestead settlers in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan was passed. In the house the diplomatic and the post office appropriation bills were passed. An order to close general debate on the Carlisle currency bill was defeated by a vote of 129 to 134.

On the 10th a bill was introduced in the senate providing a pension of \$50 per month to ex-soldiers for the loss of one arm above the elbow or of a leg above the knee, and of \$60 for the loss of an entire arm or leg. The income tax was discussed. Senator Hill introducing an amendment to test the constitutionality of the act. In the house a bill was passed to define the crimes of murder in the first and second degrees, and manslaughter and rape, mutiny and desertion, and providing punishment therefor, and to abolish the death penalties on other crimes. The District of Columbia appropriation bill (\$5,391,107) was passed.

NEARLY the entire session of the senate on the 11th was occupied in the discussion of Senator Hill's amendment to the urgency deficiency bill designed to afford an opportunity to test the constitutionality of the income-tax law. Senator McPherson introduced a bill providing for the issue of 3 per cent bonds for the purpose of carrying into effect the resumption act of 1875. In the house a bill to pay the heirs of William Johnson, of Fayette county, Tenn., for \$13,000 worth of stores confiscated during the war was discussed. An attempt to pass a bill granting a pension of \$100 a month to Maj. Gen. John A. McClelland caused a heated debate, in which Mr. Springer (dem.) and Mr. Clark (dem.) berated southern men for anti-union sentiments. The bill was withdrawn.

DOMESTIC.

TWO MEN were killed and four injured in a collision between Lake Erie freight trains near Norwalk, O.

MRS. KATE HORN died in Fairmount township, Pa., aged 95 years. She was a member of the Methodist church for eighty years and in that time she missed church on Sunday only nine times.

MICHAEL NUGENT died at Springfield, O., from the effects of a blow on the nose received in a boxing match.

ON the pretense of examining the gas meter a thief secured access to St. Joseph's hospital at Omaha and robbed Father Daxacher of \$6,250 in notes and money.

EIGHT more bodies were found by searchers in the ruins of the Delavan house at Albany, N. Y.

THE courthouse at Decatur, Tex., was destroyed by fire and the county records were burned. Loss, \$100,000.

THE celebrated stallion Bashaw, Jr., owned by Isaac Munger, died at Washington, Ia. He was 23 years old.

NICHOLAS WEBER & SON, the largest morocco manufacturers at Lynn, Mass., failed for \$100,000.

THERE were incorporated in the United States during the year 1894 13,094 new corporations with total capitalization of \$3,017,522,170.

THE Huntsville (Ala.) female college was destroyed by fire. All of the girls were safely got out and most of their belongings were saved.

JUDGE GROSSCUP refused to quash the indictment against Debs and his associates of the American Railway union and they were taken from Chicago to the McHenry county jail.

THOMAS DAVIS and Thomas Ward, miners, were crushed to death by a cave-in at Wise Bros.' mine, north of Rice Hill, Mo.

GOLD in large quantities was discovered on Green mountain, a few miles south of Deadwood, S. D.

THE court of appeals in Washington affirmed the decision of the lower court denying a mandamus to compel payment of sugar bounties.

THE Green Briar broom at Ronceverte, W. Va., broke and 11,000,000 feet of lumber went with the current.

EX-DEPUTY MARSHAL SWAIN shot and killed Carl Vincent in a fight at Purcell, I. T., and was then killed by the latter's son Charles.

MRS. ELIZA CRACRAFT, aged 75 years, fell with a lighted lamp at Sharpsburg, Ky., and was burned to death, and her daughter, who witnessed the scene, died from fright.

MRS. ANDREW JOHNSON, of Racine, Wis., committed suicide in the presence of her husband, four children and a friend.

IVY BOBO (colored) was hanged at Friars Point, Miss., for the murder of his wife. He confessed on the gallows.

THE first snow in two years fell at Mobile, Ala.

BURGLARS robbed the safe of the Merchant's bank at Defiance, O., of \$25,000.

A BILL was introduced in the Michigan senate providing that no person who is not able to read and write the English language shall be permitted to vote in the state.

WILLIAM BENZ was killed and his wife and child fatally injured at a railway crossing in Bloomdale, O.

HENRY M. BURR & Co., one of the largest wholesale and retail millinery stores in Boston, failed for \$100,000.

WILLIAM W. TAYLOR, treasurer of South Dakota, was said to have absconded with \$350,000. The bank at Redfield, of which he was president, had closed its doors.

AN epidemic of grip is raging in New York city.

P. G. McLOUGHLIN, an old and highly-respected member of the Chicago board of trade, dropped dead on the street.

THE governor's message, submitted to the legislature of Oklahoma, declares for immediate statehood.

AT Lewiston, Pa., Wesley Paulding shot and killed his wife and 4-week-old child and then went to the barn and hanged himself.

ORSON W. ROLLINS and his wife were found dead at their home in Minneapolis under suspicious circumstances.

GOV. McKINLEY sent a car load of provisions to the starving miners of the Hocking valley in Ohio.

THE whole number of immigrants that arrived in New York during December was 11,106. Of this number 166 were debarred entrance as paupers and fifty-three as contract laborers.

THE Wyeth horse collar factory was burned at St. Joseph, Mo., the loss being \$150,000.

THREE men were instantly killed by a nitro-glycerine explosion at St. Mary's, O.

W. W. KENT was elected president of the Western Baseball association at Des Moines to succeed David Rowe.

REV. W. E. HINSHAW was seriously and his wife fatally wounded by thieves at their home in Belleville, Ind.

THE Fidelity Loan and Trust company at Sioux City, Ia., passed into the hands of receivers with liabilities of \$4,200,000.

AS a result of eating poisoned cheese twenty-seven people of East Bradford, Pa., were sick.

THE Godley flourmill and an elevator containing 20,000 bushels of wheat were destroyed by fire at Scottsville, N. Y., causing a loss of \$125,000.

GOV. UPHAM sent his first message to the Wisconsin legislature, discussing various state questions.

SIXTEEN THOUSAND election clerks were found inefficient at New York and will receive no pay.

EXCHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 11th aggregated \$1,039,136,951, against \$944,978,348 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 4.2.

ACTUATED by insane jealousy, Louis Gross shot and killed his wife and himself during a quarrel in their home in New York city.

A TREASURY statement shows the expenditures so far this month exceed receipts by \$6,213,743, which makes the deficiency for the fiscal year up to date \$33,778,204.

GOV. RUDD was inaugurated at Sacramento, Cal., a parade of civic and military organizations preceding the ceremony.

JOHN E. MOORE, landing agent at Ellis Island, N. Y., in his report for 1894 says that during the year 92,561 cabin passengers and 188,164 steerage passengers landed at Ellis Island.

"BODDY" WOODEN and George Mapple, both colored and murderers of Marion Ross, were hanged in the jail at Chattanooga, Tenn.

TWENTY buildings were destroyed by fire in the mining town of Foster, Ia.

RESOLUTIONS calling for the revision of football rules to prevent brutality were adopted at a meeting in Chicago of presidents of northwestern universities.

GOV. MATTHEWS read his biennial message at a joint session of both houses of the Indiana legislature.

SAMUEL D. PETERSON, of New Ulm, Minn., was given a verdict for \$10,000 against the Western Union Telegraph company, which transmitted an anonymous libelous telegram.

H. C. FRICK retired from the presidency of the Carnegie Steel company at Pittsburgh, Pa. John G. A. Leishman is his successor.

GOV. UPHAM, of Wisconsin, placed ex-Gov. Peck on the retired list of the national guard with the rank of commander-in-chief.

THE Norwegian Lutheran seminary located in the suburbs of Minneapolis was burned to the ground.

THERE were 420 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 11th, against 350 the week previous and 474 in the corresponding time in 1893.

WILLIAM TAYLOR (colored), who murdered Squire David Doty in Madison county on December 2 last, was hanged at Richmond, Ky.

N. I. TUTTLE and Will Creitner, of Company C, and Jacob Denhoif, of the post band, were drowned at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.

AN unsuccessful attempt was made to hold up a train at Indianola, Miss. Two passengers were wounded by a fusillade from the would-be robbers.

THREE men while on the lookout for burglars in a New York flat building were suffocated by gas.

OVER a thousand love letters from young women in every state were found in the trunk of George Streepfy, arrested at Youngstown, O., for a post office robbery.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

GOV. McINTYRE was inaugurated at Denver. Waite, the retiring governor, kissed his hand at the close of the ceremony.

DR. JOHN NEWTON WADDELL, one of the most prominent educators and theologians in the south, died at Birmingham, Ala., aged 83 years.

THE one hundred and nineteenth legislature of New Jersey convened at Trenton.

FOR the first time in twenty-five years the republicans organized the West Virginia legislature at Charleston.

J. H. FRENCH died at Beloit, Wis., aged 75 years. He was United States treasurer under Lincoln.

BOTH branches of the Thirty-ninth general assembly of Illinois convened at Springfield and effected a permanent organization.

REV. T. DEWITT TALMAGE celebrated in New York the 63d anniversary of his birth.

GEN. ALFRED W. ELLET, a prominent figure in the war of the rebellion, died at El Dorado, Kan.

THE Illinois legislature in joint session canvassed the vote for state officers and declared the republican candidates elected.

THE Indiana legislature met in fifty-ninth session, Senator Newby being made president pro tem. of the senate and J. C. Adams speaker of the house.

STEPHEN B. ELKINS was nominated for United States senator by the republican legislative caucus at Charleston, W. Va.

FOREIGN.

TWENTY-FIVE Armenians were condemned to death at Erzinghan for murder in spite of proof of their innocence.

J. B. TYRRELL, a geological surveyor, arrived at Winnipeg after a six months' exploration of Hudson bay territory never before visited by a white man.

A SNOWSTORM, accompanied by a strong wind, swept over all Europe, causing great damage and loss of life.

A FIRE that started in the Times office in Toronto, Can., destroyed a block of wholesale buildings, the damage being \$600,000. One life was lost.

A HEAVY shock of earthquake took place at West Meath, Ont., lasting thirty seconds.

ALVIN L. DENNISON died at Birmingham, England, aged 83 years. He was known throughout the world as the father of the American system of watchmaking. He was born in Freeport, Me.

FRENCH cruisers bombarded the Hova positions outside of Tamatave, inflicting heavy losses.

THE Japanese army under Gen. Nogi captured Kai Ping after four hours' fighting. Two hundred Chinese were killed.

LATER.

SENATOR FAULKNER introduced a bill in the United States senate on the 12th to regulate the issuing of licenses for the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors in Alaska. The urgent deficiency bill was further discussed. In the house the oleomargarine bill was considered and the Indian appropriation bill was reported. Eulogies upon the life and services of the late Representative George B. Shaw, of Wisconsin, were delivered.

BILL COOK, the leader of the outlaw band which bears his name, was captured at Fort Stanton, N. M.

A TRAIN struck a sleigh containing a party returning from a wedding near Lebanon, Ind., and Jacob Moss and Miss Mary Overleese, the groom and bride, were killed.

A CANVAS of the Hocking valley in Ohio disclosed 1,200 families in urgent need of aid.

THE French steamer Acanis foundered 3 miles off Cape Caveau during a cyclone and thirteen persons were drowned.

EIGHT persons were injured in a panic caused by a falling floor at a church funeral at New Haven, Conn.

THE schooner Justine foundered in Deception bay, off the coast of Washington, and her crew of fifteen were drowned.

ONE HUNDRED firemen were frost-bitten while fighting a conflagration in Bradford, Pa. Many buildings were destroyed and \$150,000 damage done.

MRS. ALICE M. HARTMAN, who killed Senator M. D. Foley last July, was found guilty at Reno, Nev., and sentenced to eleven years in prison.

EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI was said to have forwarded a petition to President Cleveland for a life annuity and for annexation of Hawaii to the United States.

COL. ULYSSES G. SCHELLER-DEBOUE, a former member of Gen. Grant's staff, died at Galena, Ill., while at breakfast.

THE home of J. H. Baldrige near Jefferson, Ia., was destroyed by fire and his nine children were badly frost-bitten.

THE Gunning block and a number of other buildings were destroyed at Barnesville, O., the loss being \$125,000.

A NEW counterfeit \$10 United States legal tender note was discovered. The note is of the act of March 3, 1863, series of 1880, check letter H. W. S. Rosecrans, register; E. H. Nebeker, treasurer, with a portrait of Webster, having a small pink scalloped seal.

Rheumatic Pains

Return when the colder weather comes. They are caused by lactic acid in the blood, which frequently settles in the joints. This poisonous taint must be removed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

moved. Hood's Sarsaparilla conquers rheumatism because it drives out of the blood every form of impurity. It makes pure, rich blood.

"I suffered with rheumatism in my left foot. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and the pain is all gone." Miss R. R. BLAKE, Mills House, Charleston, S. C.

Hood's Pills prevent constipation.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE. Dissolves Gravel. Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

Bright's Disease. Tube casts in urine, scanty urine, Swamp-Root cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint. Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder. Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

★ WORLD'S FAIR ★ HIGHEST AWARD! "SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE!"

IMPERIAL GRANUM

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Savior for INVALIDS and The-Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and CHILDREN.

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers. And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;—

And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS, Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

One of my children had a very bad discharge from the nose. Physicians prescribed without benefit. After using Ely's Cream Balm a short time the disease was cured.—O. A. Cary, Corning, N. Y.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from colds, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.

\$3. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.

\$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.

\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.50 92. WORKINGMEN'S.

\$2.17 93. BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

\$3.25 94. LADIES' BEST DONGOLA.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes.

All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They cut custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform.—stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$5 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES.

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and suitable, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE SUN PASTE STOVE POLISH.

FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH. MAKES NO DUST, IN 5 & 10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE.

MORSE BROS. PROP'S. CANTON, MASS.

Be Independent! Don't stay poor all your life! Get a farm of your own and in a few years you will wonder why you remained in the cities and paid rent.

You can secure good Homestead Land of the United States government, FREE OF COST, along the line of the Lake Superior division of the CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY, in Northern Wisconsin and Upper Michigan, or you can buy at low prices on easy terms. Address C. E. ROLLINS, 161 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

POTATOES \$2.50 a Bbl.

Largest growers of POTATOES for Seed in America. The "Rural New Yorker" gives one of our early sorts a yield of 745 bushels per acre. Prices dirt cheap, our great Seed Book, 144 pages, and sample 14-They indicate for 60 postage. JOHN A. SALKER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, is a constructive food that nourishes, enriches the blood, creates solid flesh, stops wasting and gives strength. It is for all

Wasting Diseases

like Consumption, Scrofula, Anæmia, Marasmus; or for Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Loss of Flesh and General Debility.

THE HOUR OF PEACE.

Upon the doorstep sat the wife.
The twilight falling,
And far below the whippoorwill
Were softly calling.
The sweet winds dropped upon their way
Their honeyed plander.
And slow and clear the night built up
Its house of wonder.

Within the child dreamed deep, and saw
Four angels keeping
Their gentle watch with drooping wings
About his sleeping.
While shadows slumbered,
Where shadows slumbered,
His true love climbed, and in his heart
His treasures numbered.

And sighing faintly to herself
With purest pleasure,
Life brimming at her lips to full
Overflowing measure.
She murmured of the happy earth,
This summer even.
Were not the paved world laid before
The courts of Heaven.

And yet a cold wind from the cloud
To snatch in blowing
The little breath between the lips
So lightly flowing:
A pebble underfoot where sheer
The rock descended—
Ah, Fate! What slender chances held
Her heaven suspended!

—Harper's Bazar.

AN OUTLAW'S HEROINE.

Together They Perished on the Great Western Desert.

Manalillo was only a collection of adobe huts, huddled under the eye of the burning sun, in the midst of the burning Arizona desert.

Maybe it had been there an hundred years—maybe twice that time—for its annals were writ only in the sands of the wide, brown plain, and that which is written there to-day the wind covereth to-morrow.

But presently the railroad came, and with it signs of development. A ranchman gathered up the nucleus of a flock of sheep; some miners outfitted and went prospecting in the mountains; a fellow who had some smattering of science went off by himself into the heart of the Apache country, and came back with opals, rich with strange fire.

These, and others like them, came to look upon Manalillo as their base for supplies; the place grew in importance; people from a farther district began to come hither, and many riders, in fantastic dress, were seen upon the streets.

Some of these riders it would have been difficult to classify. They were certainly neither ranchmen nor miners. It might not have been a serious matter to call them gamblers. Some of them were more than suspected of having helped to "hold up" the Fort Stanton stage on occasion; more than one rode a horse for which he had never exchanged an equivalent.

In the terse vernacular of the southwest, they were simply "bad men."

It was because this portion had become too numerous that the leading citizens decided society must be reorganized, and they went about the task methodically.

Among these "bad men," the name of Domingo Juarez led all the rest, and it was decided by those having authority in the matter that Juarez must "go," preparatory to the establishment of an orderly community.

When Armeda Torreon rode into Manalillo that afternoon to exchange a goat's fleece for a measure of meal she learned that matters of grave importance were afoot.

A good three leagues from Manalillo was the ranch where Vicente Torreon, her father, herded a few goats and basked in the sun all day, asking little in life except to be left alone.

The night was still as it was white, except for the far-yelping of a coyote or the hoot of an owl.

After a time the sound of distant hoofbeats was added to these. A horseman drew in sight, silhouetted against the clear sky, rode up to them at an easy lope and halted in front of the hut.

"You are glad to see me," said the rider, sarcastically, as neither the man nor the girl stirred; "it is worth riding far for such welcome."

"We are tired," answered Armeda indifferently.

"Yes, Domingo, we do something besides play, we," grunted Torreon. The horseman flung himself down beside the girl. "Tell me," he said.

"We have lost the new goats."

"The ones you had from the Englishman?"

Torreon chuckled a silent assent, remembering how they had gotten them.

"Did he come for them?" asked Domingo.

"Bah, no! He has not that courage. They have strayed away, up the arroyo."

"They will come back."

"Yes, when the wolves have eaten them."

They were silent for a little. Then the man said, tentatively: "You followed them?"

"Yes, until I could go no further."

Domingo rose and stood looking across the plain.

"The arroyo is a cursed place," he said.

Then he put his hand upon his horse.

"Juan is sure of foot. Yes, I could bring them back. But I must not be in Manalillo to-night."

His manner was irresolute, and he kept his face from the girl as he spoke.

Armeda turned her eyes upon him with languid interest.

"Don't let your poor goats interfere with your pleasures," she said, "doubtless some one will miss you if you are not there."

"The devil, no! You know it is not that, Armeda. But there will be some good play to-night."

"Oh! very well. I shall go for the goats again, when I have rested."

"What? Up the arroyo? To-night? That is nonsense. See here—I will go if you will promise me—"

"I will not promise. If you cannot do this for me—"

"I but jested," he said quickly. "I shall go and find your goats."

He turned and rode away. And Armeda stood and watched until he was well out of sight and hearing. Then she went into the bit of chapparal and returned, driving before her a dozen fine Angora goats, whose long silken coats showed, even in the moonlight, the purity of their breeding.

"If he rides till he finds them he will not be in Manalillo this night," she said, contentedly, to herself, as she fastened the flock securely in the inclosure.

It wanted yet two hours of dawn when Armeda, lying awake with some unformed fear upon her heart, heard again the sound of approaching hoofs. She arose, drew a blanket hastily about her and went outside the hut. In an instant Domingo was by her side and leaned from his saddle and whispered:

"Get my pistols, quick! The regulators are behind, and I have but one."

Not pausing to question, she went inside, put on some clothing swiftly, came out and ran to the corral, where she saddled and mounted her father's horse. Then she wheeled to the side of Domingo, handed him a pistol and placed two in her own belt. Domingo laid his hand on her arm.

"Have you thought?" he asked.

"Yes," was the firm reply.

"If you go with me now you cannot return."

"I know."

"It will be a race for life."

"Yes, yes," she said, impatiently; "let us be gone."

Just then the goats, aroused by the unusual stir at so early an hour, began to move restlessly. This seemed to remind Domingo of something. He spoke hesitatingly.

"Armeda, I did not go after the goats."

"I know. It does not matter. They were not lost. You have been to Manalillo. I tried to keep you away."

"They were not lost? Good! We are quits, then."

With this the outlaw bent toward his companion and drew her toward him and kissed her on the lips. Then they settled themselves well in their saddles, laid the reins loosely on the necks of their horses and rode toward the coming dawn.

For a long time they rode silently, neck and neck. When the red streaks of the approaching day began to show across the bare, brown plain the girl looked about her and shuddered. Domingo saw and spoke:

"It is the only chance. They dare not follow here."

"It's the Malpais; the Evil Place," she said.

Then they rode forward steadily and calmly into the black horror.

"He is a long way off," said the leader of the regulators, halting and watching the moving specks ahead of him; "one cannot tell how far. Distance cheats the eye—it lies to one."

He shaded his eyes with his hand, and looked a long time toward the east, and again to the west, from which they had come.

"We will go back," he said, after a little; "I am ashamed to give up, but it is just as well—he is safe—I make no doubt of that."

He nodded meaningly in the direction of the riders. "Just as safe," he added, "as though we had a rope around his neck."

"But the girl?" asked one of the band.

The leader only shrugged his shoulders in answer and set his face to the west.

When the fugitives, looking back, could see their pursuers no longer, they rested a little. Domingo unsling the leathern water-bottle from his shoulder, which had not been touched until now, and gave Armeda a drink.

Then he made a motion as if swallowing some himself, and poured a little of the water into the palm of his hand and moistened the mouths of the horses with it.

The midday sun rose high overhead, and as they rode on through the long afternoon, on through the scorching desert, on through the terrible Malpais, it beat down upon them mercilessly.

The wind that came across the dreary waste was blown straight from a fiery furnace. The air shimmered with heat, and the bright metallic glitter upon the polished lava burned upon their eyeballs and made them reel, sick with a dizzy faintness.

Once Armeda swerved from her saddle and would have fallen, but was stayed by her companion's hand. He gave her more water to drink.

And when the moon came up again they yet rode—riding for life. They rode now from something more terrible than the regulars. But they rode slowly, uncertainly, and the miles stretched longer and longer; the wa-

ter was all gone now, and their mouths became dry and parched and cracked, so that they could not talk.

But the outlaw touched the girl gently now and then, and she answered him with a look of supreme content. She was willing to accept that which the saints should will.

Finally her horse stumbled and fell, and could not rise again. Domingo caught her in his arms.

"Leave me, and ride," she whispered.

But he only raised her to his own saddle, and the good Juan bore them both forward.

At last he, too, fell. Then Domingo laid the girl on the ground, and, kneeling beside his horse, called him by every endearing name, conjured him by all the dear saints to rise and carry them out of the black horror—out from that cursed place that had been named for the father of all evil—the Evil Place.

But the Malpais only clutched their lives the more.

He rose and lifted the girl in his arms and made forward as best he could. Weakly, blindly, staggering and sometimes falling, but always forward, with a strength born of despair.

"Leave me," the girl whispered again, "and save yourself."

But Domingo knew the awful journey was almost done. Before him, in the white moonlight, a mountain peak loomed dimly. How far it was he could not tell, but somewhere between him and it was water.

If he could only keep on a little longer they would be saved.

But even in the moonlight there does distance cheat the eye—does it still lie to one. Whenever he raised his head and looked across the plain to the mountain it seemed so far off, so unattainable, that his heart sank.

Still he struggled on through the long night. But just before day broke he fell and lay outstretched beside his burden on the black lava.

And then the sun came up and beat upon them, and they died.

And old Torreon herded the goats that he had stolen from the Englishman, and looked ever away curiously towards the east. And the adobe huts of Manalillo knew again the quiet of a hundred years—and the Malpais lay and glistened in the sun—ever the Evil Place.—Boston Globe.

EARNEST MUSICIANS.

They Had Their Own Ideas About the Rendition of Pieces.

Dr. Stephen Elvey, who did so much to render the chanting of the Psalms intelligible in the church service by "pointing" them, was absorbed in his subject. His pockets were filled with bits of paper bearing verses from the Psalms in different forms and with different readings, and these he used to discuss with anyone likely to be interested or to afford him help.

One summer he paid a visit to Windsor, and a friend of his says that he can remember Dr. Elvey's pulling up suddenly in one of the streets of the town, and to the astonishment of the passers-by asking him, in anything but a whisper:

"What is a *manpeace*?"

"I don't know."

"Neither do I; but when chanted the error of putting the accent in *man*, instead of *peace*, is almost universal, and is an instance of the nonsense made of Scripture through careless reading and indifferent punctuation!"

The verse to which he had reference runs: "Keep innocence, and take heed unto the thing that is right, for that shall bring a man peace at the last."

Once, when Sir George Elvey was conducting a rehearsal of the "Messiah," one of the singers finished her solo with an elaborate cadenza. Sir George waited until the end, and then asked:

"What's that? Don't you think if Handel had wanted that he would have written it?"

"Oh," said the lady, "we always do it that way in London."

"Never mind," said he. "Here Handel shall have it in his way, so please sing it as it is written."—Youth's Companion.

Infinite Satisfaction.

Bignon, the Paris restaurateur, acquired a large fortune, and his wife carried on the business after his death. It is of this time that the story is told of a poor journalist who was seen in the restaurant eating a small plate of strawberries at a season when the fruit was so expensive as to be an extravagance even for the rich. An acquaintance saw the wretched penny-a-liner and smiled significantly. "Yes," said the journalist, "I know I shall have to pay ten francs for these, but the sight of that woman at the counter, who is worth two millions, picking over strawberries for me, who hasn't got three louis in the world, gives me such an amount of satisfaction that the berries are worth it."—San Francisco Argonaut.

A Good Substitute.

Nelson's attachment to his friends was as ardent as his courage. When he was presented to King George the Third at his levee his majesty congratulated him on his great actions; after this eulogium, he consoled with him on the loss of his arm. Nelson turned round to Capt. Berry, who had been the companion of many of his exploits, and introduced him to the king, with this remark: "My loss, I assure your majesty, is not so great as you imagine, for here is my right hand."—San Francisco Argonaut.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Three Victims of Jack Frost Found—Reign of the Blizzard.

ALTOONA, Pa., Jan. 14.—Mary Geesey, a demented woman, who was formerly an inmate of the Blair county almshouse, but who had lately made her home with Seth Campbell, a farmer at the foot of Brush mountain, about 4 miles from this city, wandered away from her home during the storm, and when found on the mountains Sunday evening was frozen to death.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 14.—Gay Harden, formerly station agent at Sawdust, on the Georgia railroad, was found Sunday morning frozen to death. He left Augusta Saturday night, driving home in a wagon. The team went direct to his house and he was found in the wagon dead.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Anna Bucekorski, 60 years old, who lived at 312 Belmont avenue, was found frozen to death at Anna avenue and Cornelia street Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock. She had wandered from home Saturday afternoon while demented.

JEFFERSON, Ia., Jan. 14.—The house of J. H. Baldrige, near this city, and part of its contents were burned Saturday night. It was very cold at the time and nine children, from 3 to 16 years old, froze their feet and hands. There was no insurance. The family is destitute and the children are in a critical condition.

GENESEE, N. Y., Jan. 14.—The most terrific blizzard that has visited the Genesee valley for years is now on. Twelve inches of snow has fallen on the level and a gale is blowing, with no signs of an end. Traffic through the country will be impeded for several days to come.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 14.—This city has been visited by a heavy fall of snow, the average depth on the level being from 1 foot to 15 inches. Everywhere travel on the street railway is impeded.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 14.—The heaviest snowstorm of the winter has set in. The temperature is greatly moderated north of here, and in northern Wisconsin snow has fallen to the depth of several inches. Lumbering operations will be greatly aided. Reports from the Seine river are anxiously awaited, as several parties were caught unawares by last week's blizzard.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Railroad trains have been greatly delayed by the recent storm and cold wave. Advices from the southern Michigan fruit belt show considerable damage to peaches and berries. It is feared that the cattle pastured in the Kankakee swamps have perished.

MANY DROWNED.

Vessels and Their Crews Lost During Recent Storms.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A terrific gale accompanied by a heavy snowfall prevailed throughout the country Saturday night. The cold was intense. The snowdrifts in some places were 12 feet deep. The mail carts were stopped. The drivers who attempted to make their trips suffered terribly. The highways are blocked and railway traffic is delayed. The telegraph lines are down in all directions. The wind has dropped in east Scotland, but the snowfall continues. Vessels are putting into the roadsteads for shelter. Several skating accidents and a number of deaths from exposure are reported.

The Grimsby correspondent of the Times telegraphs that a steam tug reports that she towed the Italian bark Columbia from Yarmouth into the Humber river. The bark had lost all her sails in the storm. She anchored in the river and the tug departed. Afterward the bark began to drift and being in her condition helpless she soon drifted ashore and became a wreck. She had a crew of nine aboard, all of whom were drowned. Another vessel in the Humber foundered and all hands were lost before assistance could reach them. Nothing was found to establish the identity of the vessel.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 14.—The schooner Justice has foundered in Deception pass. All of the crew are lost, probably fifteen men.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 14.—The French steamer Acanis, employed in the local trade, foundered 3 miles off Cape Cavaeu during a cyclone. Thirteen persons were drowned.

FROZEN AT A FIRE.

A Hundred Firemen Suffer at Bradford, Pa.—Two May Die.

BRADFORD, Pa., Jan. 14.—Flames that started at 6:45 o'clock Sunday morning in this city caused, it is believed, by an overheated stove, spread and in four hours did fully \$130,000 damage. One hundred firemen were frost-bitten. J. F. McQuiston's hands were badly burned and were afterwards frozen. Robert Sisco and Robert Helm, of the Citizens' Hose company, were so badly frozen that their condition is critical. The thermometer stood at 8 degrees below zero.

The fire was discovered in the Sheehan house at No. 99 Mechanic street. But few of the occupants were out of bed at such an early hour, and the sleeping inhabitants had very narrow escapes from cremation. Two of the women, Mary Callahan and Mary Doreau, jumped from the second-story windows in their night clothes and both received serious injuries. Although Miss Callahan's left wrist and ankle were both fractured in the terrible fall, she dragged herself through the snow to a place of safety, almost perishing from cold on the way.

TAYLOR'S STEALINGS.

The Shortage of South Dakota's Treasurer Now Placed at \$370,000.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 14.—It has been ascertained that the actual shortage which would have been revealed when W. W. Taylor, the defaulting state treasurer, came to transfer his office to his successor was about \$170,000 in cash. It is therefore believed that he must have appropriated about \$200,000 more when he found out how matters stood on the theory than he was in for it anyway.

Taylor's biggest loss was that involved in the Gettysburg bank failure. In these transactions \$40,000 was put in, and afterward it was necessary to add \$70,000. It is understood that Taylor hesitated to advance this money, and did so finally on urgent advice, in the belief that several banks would thereby be saved from ruin. The securities given cover a large batch of South Dakota and Illinois property, from which Taylor was unable to realize.

Another sensation was sprung which accuses Maj. Ruth, of the office of school lands, with complicity with Taylor. In June last, it is alleged, he held back his semi-annual apportionment of school lands funds for several months and then only apportioned a part of it, and when the November apportionment became due it is said he refused to make that until December 27. Then it was too late for county treasurers to make requisitions and \$90,000 went with Taylor.

It is the general opinion here that the state educational institutions will have to be closed, with the exception of the Brookings agricultural college. It is understood that that institution received \$42,000 from the United States government and it is thought that it will be able to continue until some means are devised for mending the state's finances.

The unanimous opinion is that the state will suffer most by the eastern capitalists losing confidence in the future of the state. Coming so closely upon the J. M. T. Pearce swindle, in which English capitalists were robbed of \$1,500,000, and simultaneously with the failure of the Fidelity Loan & Trust company of Sioux City, which has \$1,250,000 bonds in New England, the South Dakota stronghold, and \$1,000,000 in Scotland, the chances are that the state will receive a black eye all over the world. None of the financiers of the state seem to be ready with any scheme to pull the state out of the hole into which the Taylor defalcation has brought it.

OUTLAW BILL COOK CAPTURED.

Deputy Marshal Perry Takes Him Without Resistance by the Murderer.

CARTHAGE, N. M., Jan. 14.—Advices over the military line from here to Fort Stanton announce the capture of the noted outlaw Bill Cook. There are no details of the arrest beyond the fact that C. C. Perry, deputy marshal, effected the capture. It is said United States troops were employed to assist the civil officers. The arrest was made in the early dawn without any resistance on the part of the murderer, who was expected to make a desperate fight for his life. The deputy had been on the trail for some time and was instrumental in diverting suspicion by circulating false reports of his operations. It was currently stated that Perry was looking for his man in the Pan Handle and down on the eastern end of the Maxwell land grant, while in fact he was hot on the trail of the fugitive. He spent over three weeks in the saddle, with scarcely an escort, only a few trusted aids.

The outlaw's capture was effected at an isolated cattle ranch on the Great Plains, a few miles southeast of old Fort Sumner. Perry and two deputies were in search of horse thieves when they met and recognized Cook at first glance. Quicker than a flash Perry and his men had their Winchester up, and Cook was so thoroughly surprised that he lost his nerve, and although he had two six-shooters about his waist his hands went up at the command of the sheriff, handcuffs were put on his wrists and he was mounted and strapped on his own horse, which was found on the plains near a cabin. One led the animal while Sheriff Perry and his other deputy rode behind them. Thus the trip to Roswell was made, a distance of 65 miles.

FELL SIXTY-FEET TO HIS DEATH.

John A. Mackenzie, of Duluth, the Victim of an Accident.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 14.—As a result of an accident Saturday evening at the Spaulding hotel, John A. Mackenzie, one of Duluth's well-known business men, lies dead. He tripped and fell from the landing midway between the third and fourth floors of the hotel to the marble pavement below, 60 feet, striking on his head and fracturing his skull. Mr. Mackenzie leaves a wife. He was highly connected in Scotland, and Gen. Mackenzie, of the British army, is an uncle.

Terrific Explosion.

FREMONT, O., Jan. 14.—About 2:16 Sunday morning a terrific explosion occurred about one-half mile east of Gibsonburg and 12 miles west of this city. The nitro-glycerine magazine of the Ohio and Indiana Torpedo company blew up and scattered to the four winds the structure and adjacent buildings and trees. No one was injured, at least no one is known to be missing. The shock of the explosion was terrific for miles around.

There's Something About OUR TEAS

That makes them sell like the proverbial
"HOT CAKES."

They fairly "tickle the palate" of people who like good tea, and having been often tried and never denied, are ready to be tried again.

24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.
28 pounds brown sugar for \$1.
Standard oysters 18 cents per can.
Select oysters 23 cents per can.
Best crackers 5 cents per pound.
Sultana raisins 3 1/2 pounds for 25 cents.
6 pounds good raisins for 25 cents.
3 cans best tomatoes for 25 cents.
Good canned corn 7 cents per can.

Armstrong & Co.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.
Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

J. J. RAFTREY,

The Leading Merchant Tailor, has entered
upon his 12th year in this line
in Chelsea.

And being in touch with the new tariff, offers you some astonishing bargains in Imported Woolens, which he has just received from the Bonded Warehouse, also in Domestic Woolens.

Suits to your order from \$15.00 up. Former price \$20.00 to \$22.00.
Pants to your order from \$2.50 up. Former price \$5.00 to \$6.50.
Overcoats to your order from \$10.00 up. Former price \$18.00 to \$20.

Goods Made While you Wait.

Goods of all weaves, textures, styles and colors always in stock, from one yard to one hundred yards, to select from, and at prices that will move them, as he is bound to keep his force at work during the dull months.

We carry in stock a nice line of Mackintoshes, all lengths and sizes, cheap. Agent for the French Dye Works. Estimates given on work of this kind. Respectfully yours,

J. J. RAFTREY.

Central Meat Market!

ADAM EPPLER, PROP.,

Fresh Meats, Smoked Meats, Salt Meats,
Poultry and Oysters.

Our aim is to please patrons, and a most liberal patronage leads us to believe that we are succeeding. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



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Everybody's
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HERALD OFFICE.

Subscribe now

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Chelsea Herald.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Sleighting at last.

Ann Arbor will have a city lock-up.

Miss Kate Hooker, visited in Grass Lake last week.

The Chelsea Savings Bank has a new ad. in this issue.

Born, Jan. 13, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier, a daughter.

Born, Jan. 11, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. John Steiglemler, a daughter.

Dr. Bert Sheldon, of Three Rivers, is visiting his many friends in Chelsea.

W. E. Stocking, of Ann Arbor, has accepted a position in the Capitol at Lansing.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster and daughter, Nina Belle, spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. A. Wooden, aged 76, fell on the sidewalk last Thursday and broke her leg near the hip.

Miss F. Carpenter of Kalamazoo, has accepted a position as a teacher in the Chelsea Union School.

Rev. Hoarce Palmer formerly of Lima, is now traveling agent for the Page Manufacturing Co. of Adrian.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Leach mourn the loss of an infant daughter which was born Jan. 13, and died Jan. 15, 1895.

Our merchants now close their stores promptly at 8 p. m. and it is useless to attempt to gain admittance after that hour.

The young men who are interested in the project of a gymnasium and reading room are requested to meet in the office of Boyd's Hotel Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Miss Adah Pruden resigned her position as teacher in the Chelsea Union School and left for St. Joseph where she has accepted a like position in the school there.

A man should advertise as he would court a maiden—boldly and audaciously, put judiciously and honestly, without too much stringency in the matter of expense.

Rep. R. Kempf was made chairman of the house committee on public lands. He was also placed on the committee of private corporations and state public schools.

About seventy of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lusty's friends tendered them a surprise party Wednesday evening of last week, and before leaving presented them with a silver cake basket.

The ice harvest that has been secured in the Chelsea ice houses is the finest ice crop that has been secured in many years. The ice which is about eight inches thick, is completely void of snow and slush ice.

Representative Kempf has introduced a bill in the state legislature to compel railroad companies to keep at their stations bulletin boards indicating the arrival and departure of trains and whether the trains are late or not and if late, how late.

Mr. J. W. VanRiper, whose illness was mentioned in these columns last week, died at the family residence on East street Tuesday, Jan. 15, 1895, aged about 30 years. The funeral was held from the Baptist church Thursday forenoon and was largely attended by relatives and friends.

The Glazier Stove Co. have just received and placed in position two large Stamping Presses weighing ten tons, the freight on them being \$54.00. These presses will soon be in operation, turning out hundreds of steel frame Oil Cook Stoves resembling Gasoline Stoves in appearance.

Let us hope these have "sworn off"; The persons who oppose all public improvements for fear it will increase their taxes or benefit some one else more than themselves; the persons who spend their time circulating stories derogatory to the social or business standing of their fellow men.

In 1895 there will be five eclipses: A total eclipse of the moon, March 10-11, visible here; a partial eclipse of the sun, March 25, invisible in the United States; a partial eclipse of the sun, August 20, not visible here; a total eclipse of the moon, September 3-4, visible here, and a partial eclipse of the sun, September 18, invisible here.

Winter evenings on the farm may be made a source of blessing to the young people of the farm home, or they may be frittered away so that when they are gone there will be nothing to show for the opportunities which they have brought. Parents can do much to encourage the improvement of those opportunities on the part of their children, and they do well to see to it that they do not neglect this great responsibility. Precious and priceless winter evenings! Watch them as they pass.

They may seem long, but they are not too long for young who want to prepare for the great work of life. They may seem to linger, but it will not be long until they, all of them, shall have been numbered with the past. Then use them as they should be used, and great will be the harvest, some time, that will come from such sowing.

It Is Past.

The season of sadness and gloom have begun for the small boy. Christmas week and New Year's are over and now the hard, prosaic life begins. No more firecrackers, no more Christmas trappings, no more holiday—school is the next thing on the calendar. What a long dreary, cheerless blank stretches before young America. The saddest words of tongue or pen to him are these: "Holidays is over." After a season of holiday gaiety, without the work of school books or other commonplaces, the days are dull indeed for the average boy. It is such a long time until there will be another vacation. It is enough to steep the soul in gloom. Despondently he mopes around cross and unhappy. Life is hardly worth living in his eyes just now, and he can't see why there can't be more Christmases. It wouldn't inconvenience anybody, and it would be lots jollier.—Ex.

Twenty-five Dollars Reward.

Lost, Nov. 24th, 1894, Red Leather Pocket-book containing \$100.00 in bills, receipts, etc. Finder returning same to this office will receive \$25.00 reward. TIMOTHY MALONEY.

A Two-Million-Dollar Comma.

"Oh, punctuation marks are not of much account. They're just put in for looks. I don't want to bother with them." Such are the sentiments of a good many schoolboys with regard to the branch of of letter and composition writing. Others, again, appear to think that all that is necessary is to put in a comma here and there at haphazard, to set off the 'looks of the thing.' How risky this way of doing things is may be learned from the following incident:

It seems that some twenty years ago, when the United States, by Congress, was making a tariff bill, one of the sections enumerated what articles should be admitted free of duty. Among the articles specified were "all foreign fruit plants" etc., meaning plants imported for transplanting, propagation, or experiment.

The enrolling clerk, in copying the bill, inserted a comma, accidentally, making it read, "All foreign fruit, plants," etc. As a result of this simple mistake, for a year, or until Congress could remedy the blunder, all oranges, lemons, bananas, and other foreign fruits were admitted free of duty. This little mistake, which any one is liable to make, yet could have been avoided by carefulness, cost the government not less than \$2,000,000. A pretty costly comma, that.—Ex.

Some Banking Figures.

From the last published bank statements of the eleven banks of the county, the following interesting figures may be gleaned. The total capital stock of the banks is \$574,320. The total of deposits reach the magnificent sum of \$2,766,393.31. Of this amount, \$1,683,252.23 is deposited in Ann Arbor banks and \$643,223.36 in the Ypsilanti banks. The loans and discounts in the county amount to \$1,951,178.82, and the stocks, bonds and mortgages to \$974,767.11. The gold and silver coin held in the banks amount to \$110,296.70. Of this amount over \$80,000 is in gold. The surplus and undivided profits of the eleven banks amount to \$392,311.07.—Argus.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gundersman, of Diamonddale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Silver and Gold.

Something everybody wants, something all can get by securing a copy of Vick's Floral Guide for 1895, a work of art, printed in 17 different tinted inks, with beautiful colored plates. Full list, with description and prices, of everything one could wish for vegetable, fruit or flower garden. Many pages of new novelties, enclosed in a chaste cover of silver and gold.

Unusual and astonishing offers, such as Sweet Peas for 40 cents a pound, \$300.00 for a name for a New Double Sweet Pea, etc. If at all interested in seeds or plants send 10 cents at once for a copy of Vick's Floral Guide, which amount may be deducted from first order, to James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., and learn the many bargains this firm is offering.

-WE- ARE THE PEOPLE

To Sell You

Groceries

And

Meats.

We give you nothing
for your money

Except your money's worth. Are you not satisfied to be sure of that? We give full weight, full measure and full value for your money every time.

R. A. SNYDER.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN
DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and
2 to 5. 17



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advised given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bro's bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop,
Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FIRE ! FIRE !!

If you want insurance call on
Gilbert & Crowell. We represent
companies whose gross assets amount
to the sum of \$45,000,000.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST.
AND NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for
Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys
and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement
which appears in this
paper.

Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L.
DOUGLAS SHOES.
with name and price
stamped on bottom. Sold by

W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

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CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$3 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in color, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address: MUNN & CO., New York, 361 BROADWAY.

15th ANNUAL JANUARY SALE

At the department stores of H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co. began Jan. 1, and will close Saturday, Jan. 26, '95.

We offer extra inducements to buyers in all departments, for cash, as we prefer at this season of the year to reduce our stock to as low a point as possible before invoicing; besides we are anxious to turn as many goods as we can into money during this month. So come and see us. It will pay you well, no matter if you have to drive twenty miles or more.

Dry Goods Department.
Broadhead single width goods for 18 cents. Do not fail to buy them. In Gingham, every piece goes, including staple checks, etc at 4 off. In shirtings, now is the time to buy for next summer, make them up now while you are not busy. We offer all 12 1/2 cent goods at 10 cents; all 12 1/2 cent Outings at 10 cents.
In our flannel stock we offer all red flannels and all Shirting Flannels at 4 off.

Best feathers at 50 cents per pound.
Shirting Prints at 3 1/2 cents, worth 5 cents. Indigo blue prints at 5 cents, worth 6 cents. Cocheo prints at 5 cents, worth 7 cents.
125 pounds of white carpet warp at 15 cents per lb., worth 20 cents.
Special prices on table linen and napkins for this sale.
In bed spreads we will sell all that were \$1.25 at \$1.00.
Bargains in wool hosiery, gloves and yarn mittens. In brown and bleached cotton we offer them at prices lower than you ever saw them before.
In our shoe department we offer all our shoes in Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's at a discount of from 10 to 25 per cent on each pair. This makes an excellent opportunity to buy your spring shoes. Our prices on rubbers, wool boots, lumbermen's socks, articles, etc will be found to be lower than others.

Cloak Department.
We have in our cloak department, ladies' fur capes, ladies' plush capes, ladies' cloth capes, ladies' jackets, ladies' paletots, misses' jackets, misses' newmarkets, children's newmarkets and ladies' plush cloaks, which we offer all at 4 off. We have a few old garments, you may have one for a dollar. Come on now and buy a cloak. Bargains in beaver shawls.

Blanket Department.
25 pair white bed blankets at 50c. 10 pair white bed blankets at 60c. 10 pair white bed blankets at \$1. All wool blankets 4 off.
Horse blankets, all at reduced prices.

Carpet and Curtain Department.
We shall offer during this sale an all wool two-ply carpet at 40 cents per yard. No such price ever known before. Cheaper grades in proportion. Come now and buy your carpets for spring. Bargains in curtains, etc.

Clothing Department.
We offer all overcoats in men's boy's and children's at 4 off.
In suits we offer a good many children's 2-piece suits at 1/2 price. One lot of men's suits at 4 off. One lot of pants at 1/2 price. Every suit and every pair of pants will be sold at a reduction during this sale.
Good blue overalls at 39 cents per pair. Men's lined coats at 4 off. All gloves and mittens marked down. All caps 4 off.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.
Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

SUITS THAT SUIT!

Remember one thing
Webster's Clothes Fit.
Prices to suit the times.



ONE

Good second hand
Cutter for sale Cheap.
Also New Cutters at
Prices to Close.
All this month we
offer bargains in
Furniture.

W. J. KNAPP.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also,

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

A Few Points About Arc Lights.

Chelsea Mich. Dec. 31, 1894.
To the President and Trustees of the Village of Chelsea.

In compliance with your request for a proposition for lighting the streets with Arc Lights, we herewith submit the following:

1st proposition.
We agree to furnish you with twenty or more 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, to be hung in the middle of the street from 45 ft. poles, at the rate of \$7.00 per light, per month.

2nd proposition.
We will furnish you with twenty eight or more 1,200 candle power Arc Lights, to be hung in the middle of the streets from 25 ft. poles, at the rate of \$5.00 per month.

Should any Incandescent Lights be required, we will furnish 16 candle power Lights at 75 cents per month; 32 candle power Lights at \$1.50 per month and 100 candle power Lights at \$4.50 per month.

We agree to furnish and keep all Lamps in repair and proper running order, there to be no charge whatever, other than above mentioned.

In reply to your statement that some other towns are paying only \$5.00 per month for 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, we wish to say that we have thoroughly investigated a number of cases of this kind and find that in a majority of cases their 2,000 candle power have proven to be only 1,200 candle power. In some other cases they were running their 2,000 candle power Dynamo at an amperage which would bring the real light produced down to about 1,200 candle power.

We visited a city in Michigan, where two Electric Light Plants were in operation, one running by water power, and people claimed to be getting 2,000 candle power Arc Lights at \$4.50 per month. Upon investigation however, we found that one plant was running 55 lights on a 30 light dynamo, and the other plant was running at about 7 1/2 amperes, or equivalent to about 1,500 candle power. We cannot do business in this way.

It is a fact beyond dispute that fully two-thirds of the electric light plants in Michigan, claiming to run 2,000 candle power lights, are in reality only running 1,200 candle power lights. This is easily proven as it is impossible to produce a 2,000 candle power light with a 1,200 candle power dynamo.

Under no circumstances would we think of doing business in this way. If we enter into a contract to furnish either 2,000 candle power or 1,200 candle power lights, they will be just what the contract calls for and nothing else.

Consequently we do not care to entertain any proposition for lighting at a figure below which we know lights can be honestly furnished.

If you wish 2,000 candle power lights, run at from 7 1/2 to 8 amperes, as they are being run in many towns, (which means 1,500 to 1,600 candle power) we will gladly furnish them, the price to be in proportion to the candle power, but in this case the candle power must be decided upon and plainly stated in the contract. In connection with this matter we wish to say there are more places in Michigan paying \$8.00 per month for 2,000 candle power lights than are paying less.

Inasmuch as stories are in circulation among the people that we have demanded a contract for street lighting at from \$3,000 to \$5,000 per year which places us in a false light, we would respectfully request that our proposition for lighting the streets be submitted to a vote of the people of Chelsea, at the earliest possible date.

Respectfully,
CHELSEA ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

In connection with the above we wish to state a few facts, which although thoroughly understood by members of the village board, may not be understood by the public in general.

To light the streets of our town with Arc Lights would require new wiring of the entire town, and new forty-five foot poles, providing 2,000 candle power Arc Lights are used. The wire now used for Incandescent Lighting could not be utilized in any way for Arc Lighting, as a much heavier wire is required. Therefore to light our town properly with Arc Lights would require entirely new construction. This is why we ask a contract for twenty 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, as we can not afford to undertake the work, and do it honestly for less.

A contract for twenty 2,000 candle power Arc Lights at \$7.00 per month, would mean \$1,680 per year, instead of from \$3,000 to \$5,000 as has been reported by some of Chelsea's "special economists," whose principle business is to hate themselves and all the rest of the world, and oppose every thing in the line of public improvements.

Money in mortgages is all right enough, but a little regard for the welfare and prosperity of our town and its citizens, is far better.

We do not care to pass as martyrs in the cause of the laboring man, but it is a fact beyond dispute, that the Glazier Stove Co., whose employees make up the majority of the stockholders of the Chelsea Electric Light Co. have paid out more money to the laboring men of this community, each year, for the past four years, than all Chelsea's "special economists" combined, have paid out in their entire life times.

This Space Belongs to The Chelsea Electric Light Co.

They have engaged it for the purpose of giving some of the people, who have been so busily engaged of late in circulating stories, intended to prejudice public sentiment against electric lighting, a chance to present their views to the public in print.

From this date, half of this column will be at the disposal of "special economists," without charge. The only condition being that their full name be signed to any communication.

We have no doubt that some will avail themselves of this splendid chance to get "something for nothing" This is a golden opportunity as it offers a chance to come out openly like men and stop all under-handed, behind-the-back, subterranean work.

Might Have Been Expected.

From the Hillsdale Democrat of San. 11, 1895:

"The present rates of commercial electric lighting, as charged by the common council, are to be abolished, and the meter system introduced into the various business places instead. The city fathers have come to the conclusion that the lighting plant has not paid expenses, but has lost money during this first year of its operation. That is the only inference to be drawn from the frank statement of the committee that they have been furnishing light for less than the cost of manufacture, this being their reason for abolishing the existing schedule of rates and substituting meters. But few people are surprised at this outcome of the city's speculation in going into the electric lighting business. It is precisely in line with the predictions made in these columns two years ago, when the war was on. We do not make an unqualified assertion that different management might have brought about a different result; but there is no longer a doubt that city ownership has thus far proven itself to be anything but a success, financially."

New Publication.

We have received a copy of Specific Manual, enlarged and revised edition by F. Humphreys, M. D. It will be welcomed as a guide to those who use Humphreys' Specifics. A copy will be sent free upon addressing the Humphreys' Company, New York.

Dancing by the Mile.

An average waltz takes one over three-quarters of a mile, a square dance makes you cover half a mile and a galop equals a good mile. Count up for yourself how much the girl with a well-filled programme traverses in an evening. Twenty dances is the average. Of these about twelve are waltzes. There are nine miles. Three galops and she has done twelve miles. Six other dances at a half apiece bring her to fifteen miles, to say nothing of the intermission stroll and the trips to the dressing room to renovate one's gown and complexion.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed. - Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug store.

The members of the Prohibition state committee held a meeting at Lansing recently to take action with regard to the time and place of holding the state convention. It was decided to hold the convention at Lansing February 21, commencing at 11 a. m. standard time. The local committee was instructed to make such arrangements that a two days' session may be held if necessary. It was recommended by a unanimous vote that the time of electing the state committee be changed from the fall conventions to the spring conventions of the odd numbered years. This will enable the committee to have a chance to thoroughly organize for campaign work.



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CHEAPEST TO USE

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Our Line of

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Was never more complete than at present.

If you want teas and coffees that will give satisfaction try ours.

Every pound guaranteed.

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THE MILD POWER CURES. HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without dragging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF DISEASES.	CURES.	PRICES.
1-Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.		.25
2-Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.		.25
3-Teething Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.		.25
4-Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.		.25
5-Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.		.25
6-Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.		.25
7-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.		.25
8-Neuralgia, Toothache, Faciache.		.25
9-Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.		.25
10-Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation.		.25
11-Suppressed or Painful Periods.		.25
12-Whites, Too Profuse Periods.		.25
13-Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.		.25
14-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.		.25
15-Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains.		.25
16-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.		.25
17-Piles, Blind or Bleeding.		.25
18-Ophthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.		.25
19-Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.		.25
20-Whooping Cough.		.25
21-Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.		.25
22-Ear Discharges, Empaired Hearing.		.25
23-Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling.		.25
24-General Debility, Physical Weakness.		.25
25-Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.		.25
26-Sen-Sickness, Sickness from Riding.		.25
27-Kidney Diseases.		1.00
28-Nervous Debility.		1.00
29-Sore Mouth, or Canker.		.25
30-Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.		.25
31-Painful Periods.		1.00
32-Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation.		1.00
33-Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance.		1.00
34-Phthisis, Ulcerated Sore Throat.		.25
35-Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.		.25

"77" DR. HUMPHREYS' NEW SPECIFIC FOR GRIP, 25c. Put up in small bottles of pleasant pellets, just like your vest pocket.

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HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

"THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles - External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding. The relief is immediate - the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

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Subscribe

for the

Chelsea Herald.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

ALUMINUM has the property, when used as a pencil, of leaving an indelible mark on glass or any other substance having a silicious base.

The Chinese empire is divided into eighteen grand provinces, representing an average area each of 248,000 square miles. The home German empire contains 211,000 square miles, the French republic 240,000 and the British Isles 121,000.

There are ten colleges and universities in Iowa deemed entitled to be considered as such, and half a dozen more which are not. A committee of the State Teachers' association has recommended that no more colleges be started there except by consolidation of old ones.

In perforating postage stamps a die-plate is placed below the needles of a machine carrying three hundred needles. As about 180,000 holes are punched per day, the wear on the die-plate is excessive; brass plates wear out in a day and even steel plates are rapidly destroyed.

STEEL rails are known to have a short life in tunnels and other closed spaces into which the fumes from locomotives are discharged. This appears to be due to the conversion of the sulphur in coal into sulphuric acid and the subsequent chemical action of the acid upon the steel.

DR. R. P. WARING, health officer, has issued a general statement of the result of the trial of the anti-toxine remedy for diphtheria in Kansas City. His opinion briefly is that anti-toxine is almost uniformly efficacious if used when the disease first appears, or at least before the blood poisoning sets in. Out of thirty cases all but four lived.

BERLIN papers say that the tallest man in the world is now in that city. He is Hassan Ali, an Arabian, who was born in Egypt. They say that he has reached nine feet two inches, and that he is only sixteen years old. It is thought that he may grow taller. They also say that the Chinese giant, Shang-Yu-Sing, was only eight feet eight inches when he was twenty-four years old.

A MOVEMENT started in Baltimore to present a testimonial to Dr. John S. Billings, surgeon of the United States army, and an advisory surgeon of the Johns Hopkins hospital, is well on foot. The testimonial is to be \$10,000 subscribed by physicians and surgeons throughout the country and in appreciation of compiling the indexed catalogue of the surgeon general's office.

The confederate silver half dollar is reckoned as one of the rarest of American coins. Only four such coins were struck. The confederate silver half dollar bears the date of 1861 and was struck at the mint at New Orleans just before that institution was closed by the federal troops. It has the Goddess of Liberty on one side, and a stalk of cane, one of cotton, and the stars and bars of the confederacy in a coat of arms on the other side.

The Chicago Tribune compiles a list of the hangings and lynchings during the year 1894. The footings show a total of 132 legal executions in the whole country, an increase of six over the preceding year. The number of lynchings is given at 190, three of the victims being women and nearly all the others colored men. Of the hangings 91 were in the south and 41 in the north. Of the lynchings 166 were in the south and 24 in the north.

In Vienna a man died recently who had his heart on the right side, and almost all his internal organs, liver and intestines, were found to be opposite to their usual places. Deceased never felt an inconvenience from this derangement. He learned of it accidentally several years ago and offered to sell his body to the British museum for the immediate payment of a good round sum, but the offer was declined. The cause of death was consumption.

A LITTLE steamer of 100 tons is at present, according to press dispatches, being constructed at Argenteuil, according to the invention of M. Bazin, which consists in rolling the ship over the water instead of forcing it through as at present. To this end a number of enormous copper cylinders are fixed to the vessel, the speed attained depending upon the speed of the metal cylinders, and it is computed that thirty-one knots an hour can be easily made.

A PECULIAR substitute for window-glass, known as "tectorium," is stated to have been for some time employed in Austria, Italy, Germany, Switzerland and Russia, as a covering for hot-houses, marquees, verandas, windows of factories, roofs of stores, etc. It is a special, insoluble, bichromated gelatine, translucent as opal glass and incorporated in wire gauze. It possesses, we are told, the transparency of opal glass, is tough and flexible, bends without breaking, does not dissolve in water, and is not injured by frost.

MINUS ITS FUNDS.

South Dakota Has an Empty Treasury to Face.

A Defaulting Official Leaves the State with Only \$15,000—Deep-Laid Conspiracy Believed to Have Been Unearthed.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 11.—State Treasurer Taylor, who should have turned over his cash to his successor Tuesday, failed to appear and his bank, the Redfield national bank, has closed its doors. The last heard of Taylor he was in New York. On Saturday he should have had \$350,000, and should have paid \$100,000 Saturday to take up funding warrants in New York. His bonds are \$350,000, but will stand 50 per cent. shrinkage.

It has been known for some time that Treasurer Taylor was hard pressed. He was caught in the Chemical national bank failure at Chicago for a large amount, and he lost \$20,000 in the bank at Milbank and \$10,000 in that at Geldsburg, which failed during the panic. Altogether he lost \$100,000.

If the defalcation is as large as the bondsmen believe it will place the state in a very embarrassing position. The limit of indebtedness has been passed largely. No warrants or bonds can be sold and there is a considerable deficiency in revenue. Without this trouble it would have been a difficult problem to make both ends meet, now it is impossible.

Little Cash Is Left. Later developments show that the defalcation of Treasurer Taylor has not been overestimated. There should have been \$370,000 in the treasury. All the funds in sight consist of about \$15,000 in the Pierre banks.

Helped His Friends. Advances from Aberdeen are to the effect that Taylor took little money with him but lost it all through his friends whom he helped during the financial panic. When he wanted the money returned his friends were not able to accommodate him. Among the persons to whom he loaned money are said to be several state officials and if criminal prosecutions are instituted there will be some sensational developments before the case is ended. Some time ago Taylor went to New York to raise funds for the purpose of closing up his account with the state, but recent advances are to the effect that he said he was unable to negotiate a loan, and he announced his intention of never returning again to Dakota. His friends he bitterly reproached for not coming to his aid in time of need.

Probably Gone Abroad. His present whereabouts are unknown, but it is thought that he has gone to a foreign country. His bond of \$350,000 is said to be good, but it will not begin to cover the amount of the shortage as it appears at present. The auditor has called upon the county treasurers for any funds that may be in their possession, and the attorney general has commenced making preparations for realizing upon Taylor's bond.

A Reward Offered. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 11.—Two joint resolutions passed both houses Thursday afternoon, one calling for an investigation into the affairs of the treasurer's office and the other offering a reward of \$2,000 for the apprehension of W. W. Taylor, late state treasurer. The state officials are making strenuous efforts to raise sufficient cash to keep the various state institutions running, and a peremptory call for taxes is expected to produce enough to tide over the difficulty for some time, but the state auditor feels positive that South Dakota must default on the bond interest due in June. Meanwhile every effort is being made to arrest Taylor.

Deep Plot Detected. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 11.—Facts have come into possession of the state officials which make them reasonably certain that Treasurer Taylor and certain confederates deliberately went to work, after it became evident that he could not square his accounts, to "hold the state up" and compel a compromise by which he should escape from the penalty and his bondsmen should be protected from loss.

The state was in a hard place financially. If not a cent had been lost, there would have been a deficit on the first day of next July of fully \$100,000 due to overappropriations by the last legislature and to the slow payment of taxes on account of the short crops. How to extricate the commonwealth has been the subject commanding the most earnest thought and anxiety of the state officials for several months past. The permanent appropriations are so high that the legislature, no matter what economy may animate it, could hardly bring the expenditures within the revenue.

There was due on the 5th of January \$220,000 worth of funding warrants held by eastern parties. There was due a considerable sum on the coupon bonds, while the sinking fund was preparing to take up the semi-annual interest to the amount of \$20,000. The legislature was in session and immediate calls would be made on the treasury for at least \$300,000. Of course the treasurer knew all this.

Decided to Seize All the Money. It is believed by the authorities on substantial evidence that, realizing that he would be short \$100,000 when the transfer was to be made on the 8th,

he consulted with some of his friends and backers, and they decided that the best thing to do was to seize all the money in the treasury and put it in a place of hiding where it could be gotten at when desired. Then when the default was discovered the state would be found bankrupt. Were it to sue on the bonds of the treasurer, two years or more would elapse before any money could be recovered and during that time the credit of South Dakota would sink very low.

The parties to the plan concluded that rather than let this come to pass the state officers would do almost anything within reason. Then the plan was to come forward, through an agent, and propose to pay back to the state the \$250,000 which the treasurer had carried off on condition that the bondsmen should be released, and that Taylor should be relieved from further prosecution.

Evidence Regarded as Conclusive. It is impossible to give the details of the evidence on which this supposition is based, but it is regarded as conclusive. It is now known that several persons were aware of the condition some time before the defalcation took place, and it is understood that Taylor has an agent in this city watching the progress of the inquiry.

WORK OR BREAD.

Riotous Demonstration of the Unemployed of St. Johns, N. F.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Jan. 10.—Twice on Tuesday did the demonstrations of unemployed workmen culminate in riotous outbreaks. The men assembled early, and, failing to secure relief from other sources, marched to the governor's house, but were advised to call upon the city authorities pending action on certain bills aimed at relief. Going immediately to the legislative halls they broke in the doors, and it was only after a severe struggle with the police reserves that the intruders were ejected.

In the afternoon this scene was reenacted. In the midst of the crowd floated a flag bearing the inscription "Work or Bread." Premier Greene appeared and promised to resign if work were not provided within three days. This, however, did not satisfy the men so they marched down the street and began an attack on the various provision stores, but the mounted police coming upon the scene the mob was held at bay until darkness came, when the rioters dispersed.

IN DEBS' DEFENSE.

Ex-Senator Lyman Trumbull to Be One of His Counsel.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Mr. C. S. Darrow, of Chicago, counsel for Eugene V. Debs, arrived in Washington on Friday for the purpose of appearing before the United States supreme court in the interest of his client. The case was intended to come up in the supreme court by an application from Debs' counsel for a writ of habeas corpus directed to the Illinois court, but Mr. Darrow said that pending the argument on that question he will ask the supreme court as soon as he can be heard, to allow bail to be given for Mr. Debs. When the argument comes up on the habeas corpus proceedings Mr. Darrow said he would have associated with him Messrs. Lyman Trumbull and S. S. Gregory, of Chicago, as counsel to defend Mr. Debs.

BEHIND THE BARS.

Debs and Associates Begin the Serving of Judge Woods' Sentence.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Eugene V. Debs and the other officers and directors of the American railway union went to the Woodstock (Ill.) jail Tuesday to begin serving the sentences recently imposed on them for contempt of court. There was no formal procedure. During the day the men dropped in one by one and surrendered themselves to the marshal. The appeal to the supreme court will be presented the latter part of this week, being now in course of preparation. The chances are the prisoners will be obliged to remain in jail for at least two weeks before the supreme court can be heard from. Unless the decision at that time is favorable they will have to serve out their terms.

INCOME-TAX ITEM STANDS.

Not Stricken from the Appropriation Bill by the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The senate committee on appropriations on Tuesday authorized a favorable report on the urgent deficiency bill, which has been held in the committee since December 17. The bill as it will be reported will carry the provision for the collection of the income tax, and it will not contain any amendments for the alteration of the present tariff law, as at one time seemed probable it would. It will be a plain appropriation bill, and if it is antagonized it will be because of the income tax appropriation. The total appropriation made is \$1,63,000.

Gone with the Funds.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 14.—P. Acconia, an Italian banker, who opened a money exchange and banking business at 113 Exchange street about two months ago, is missing, and it is believed that he has fled with the money belonging to depositors, amounting to about \$8,000.

Lee Mantle Chosen in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 10.—The republican caucus nominated Lee Mantle, of Butte, for the unfilled term of the senate. Mantle was appointed two years ago, but was not seated by the senate.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

To Prohibit Spring Shooting.

The State Game and Fish Protective league met in Lansing and prepared amendments to the state fish and game laws for submission to the legislature. The most important game law amendments to be urged are:

Providing for the absolute prohibition of all spring shooting; making a uniform deer season in both peninsulas from October 10 to November 1; making the violations of game laws circuit court offenses; prohibiting the killing of more than two deer a season by the same person and the shipment of deer unaccompanied by the person who killed them. The fish law amendments advocated fix the open season for trout from May 15 to September 15; prohibit the selling of brook trout or grayling; provide that bass shall be taken only by hook and line, and the repeal of the local fish laws.

To Draw Labor Men from Saloons.

The labor men of Detroit have organized the Industrial Reform league, which is aimed to embrace all the organized workmen of the city. The fundamental principles of the new order are:

The education of the workman up to the idea of making home happy; the intellectual advancement of himself and family and to bring into closer social relationship the families of workmen; the establishment of a school for the study of economics; the establishment of debating clubs throughout the city, and the establishment of a benefit fund to be used in case of illness in the families of members. The chief aim will be to draw workmen from the saloon and to employ the money they spend there to better purposes.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended January 5 reports sent in by fifty-four observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that inflammation of the kidneys and pneumonia increased, and remittent fever decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at twenty-four places, diphtheria at thirty-six, scarlet fever at forty-nine, consumption at 273, measles at seven, and smallpox at Detroit, Royal Oak, Manchester, Sebewa, St. Johns, Adrian, Danby, Marquette, Chester, Watersmeet, Grand Rapids, Manistee and Marshall.

Governor's Appointments.

Gov. Rich has made the following appointments:

Adjutant general, Charles L. Eaton, of Paw Paw; railroad commissioner, S. R. Billings, of Genesee; quartermaster general, George M. Devlin, of Jackson; inspector general, Joseph Walski, of Port Huron; dairy and food commissioner, Charles E. Storrs, of Muskegon; members of the state board of agriculture, Franklin Wells, of Constantine, and C. J. Monroe, of South Haven; member of the board of trustees of the Northern Michigan asylum, Wellington W. Cummer, of Cadillac; member of the board of trustees of the Michigan asylum for dangerous and criminal insane, Ed. Creed, of Allegan; member of the board of control of state public schools, M. E. Rumsey, of Leslie.

Father and Son Cremated.

Charles White and his 6-year-old son were cremated by their dwelling burning at Newaygo. White was awakened by his wife and ran upstairs, where the four children were sleeping. Three made their escape, but before he could find the fourth the stairway was in flames. He knocked a board off the end of the house, but could not get out before he was overcome with heat and smoke. His wife realized the danger and called him repeatedly, but he would not sacrifice his son to save his own life.

Bellinger's Record Not Good.

Peter Bellinger, arrested at Seattle, Wash., for selling an 8-year-old boy to an Indian tribe, lived in Houghton many years. He moved to Chassel four years ago and from there eloped with a 17-year-old girl, leaving his wife and family, but taking his stepson Arthur. The boy will be brought back to Houghton and cured for by his mother. Bellinger is partly crippled.

Mother Margaret Smoke Buried.

Mother Margaret Smoke, an Ottawa half-breed, 103 years old, was buried at Petoskey. She was born on the present site of Chicago and was the daughter of Granger, the earliest white trader at that point. For fifty years she had lived near Petoskey, where she had been visited by thousands of resorters, who bought photographs of her and trinkets of her manufacture.

Lathrop Memorial.

Miss Frances Willard has sent out a request that memorial services for Mrs. Lathrop be held by every one of the 10,000 local temperance unions throughout the United States on Sunday, January 30.

Short But Newsworthy Items.

The body of John T. McKeown, a Detroit real estate dealer, was dragged from the river bottom. He had been missing a week.

Edward Powers, champion colored lightweight pugilist of Michigan, was sentenced to three years in prison for larceny at South Bend, Ind.

The N. B. Carlstein company, general merchants at Bay City, filed chattel mortgages for over \$100,000, securing H. B. Cladin, of New York, and other creditors.

In the supreme court at Jackson a portrait of ex-Gov. Alpheus Felch, who was a member of the court in 1842, governor in 1846 and United States senator in 1848, was presented to the court by the bar of Calhoun county.

The Ann Arbor No. 1 of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railway arrived at Menominee, having broken her way through 40 miles of solid ice.

William Leiderbach, a butcher at Arcadia, in Manistee county, was arrested on a charge of stealing a cow from a neighbor and butchering the animal for beef.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 10.—In the senate Wednesday Senator Smalley, of Wayne, introduced his bill providing for the taxation of all church property without exemption, and gave notice of a bill to repeal the act permitting police justices to send wayward girls to the house of the good shepherd, a Catholic institution in Detroit. Senator Jones, of Hillsdale, introduced a bill providing for the incorporation of district and grand lodges of the Loyal Orange association, and Senator Jamieson, of Kent, took similar action with reference to a bill to repeal the law authorizing the Roman Catholic bishops of Michigan and their successors in office to hold property in trust for the use of the church.

Senator McLaughlin, of Detroit, gave notice that he will introduce a bill which proposes a caucus law for all cities having a population of 20,000 or more. It provides a secret ballot in booths and the holding of caucuses by precincts, all precinct caucuses to be held the same day, from 3:30 to 7 p. m. Any precinct failing to hold a caucus shall not be represented at the convention. The first appropriation bills introduced ask for \$40,000 for each of the years 1895 and 1896 for the agricultural college, and \$5,000 per year for the support of farmers' institutes. A bill was introduced appropriating \$20,000 for the mining school at Houghton until the regular appropriation is available. A joint resolution proposing an important amendment to the constitution relative to the qualification of voters was noticed by Senator McLaughlin. It provides that no person who is not able to read and write the English language shall be permitted to vote in this state.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 11.—The legislative committees will start on their upper peninsula junket on the 28th inst. The legislators will stop first at Newbury and then journey to Marquette, Houghton, Ishpeming, Iron Mountain, Escanaba, Madison, Wis., and to Lansing via Chicago.

Bills were introduced to name the institutions now building at Newberry the hospital for the insane and also making an appropriation of \$505,000. A great deal of proposed legislation affecting railroads was introduced. It is proposed to require the arrival of all trains to be bulletined at all stations twenty minutes before due, and, if late, every ten minutes before they arrive; also to grant railroads in the upper peninsula to fix as passenger rates at three cents a mile, instead of four cents, as now; to compel companies operating in Michigan to sell for \$10,000-mile tickets to be used by any one at any time until the mileage is exhausted. The suggestion made by Gov. Rich in his message, that the special charter of the Michigan Central road, under which it has operated since organization, be repealed, took the form of a bill. Prison measures introduced provide for a constitutional amendment providing for indeterminate sentences for convicts and a law prohibiting convict contract labor.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 12.—The legislature has adjourned until Monday night. Bills were introduced in the senate Friday placing building and loan associations under state supervision and repealing the law exempting them from taxation, and for the incorporation of lodges of the local grange institutions of the state of Michigan; also a joint resolution for submission of a constitutional amendment providing for indeterminate sentences of prisoners.

House.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 10.—In the house Wednesday Representative Foster, of Ingham, introduced a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment increasing the salary of state officers. His schedule is as follows: Governor, \$4,000; secretary of state, \$2,000; treasurer, \$2,000; auditor general, \$2,500; commissioner of the state land office, \$2,000; superintendent of public instruction, \$2,000; attorney general, \$2,000; circuit judge, \$2,500. The resolution also provides that the state officers shall reside in Lansing after inauguration day in 1897.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 12.—In the house today bills were introduced for holding teachers' institutes in several counties of the state; to prohibit the use of four-wheeled gaboes, or jumpers, for carrying passengers on any railroad operating more than 50 miles of road; authorizing the commissioner of the land office to dispose of dead and fallen timber on state land; requiring all public and private corporations to pay their employees every Saturday, and providing for the election of representatives in the state legislature for four years. The last-named bill contemplates that one-half of the members shall hold over, and proposes a salary of \$600 a session in lieu of per diem pay. A bill has also been introduced to restore 100,000 acres of school lands to market at what will be an average rate of four dollars an acre.

The election of United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Stockbridge will take place next Tuesday. It will simply be a ratification of the republican caucus nomination of Congressman Burrows. Senator McMillan will also be chosen to succeed himself.

PERFECT HARMONY.

A Man So Manages Three Wives That All Are Happy and Contented.

DANVILLE, Ky., Jan. 10.—William Cox, of Monticello, Ky., ate New Year's dinner, at which sat three of his living wives, and he is only 38 years of age. His first wife was Miss Minerva Smith, who bore him nine children, and was afterward divorced. Mr. Cox then married Miss Julia Stephens, and he was soon divorced from her. No children resulted from that union. He then wedded his present spouse, a Tennessee woman, and seven children have blessed their home. His first two wives have married again, and there is now a feeling of perfect harmony and good will existing between them. On New Year's day Mr. Cox spread a banquet at his home and invited his two former helpmates to celebrate the event with him. They responded, and the day passed without a ripple of dissatisfaction or unpleasantness. Cox was first married at the age of 14 years.

KU-KLUX BAND INDICTED.

Five Prominent Citizens of Murray County, Ga., Charged with Murder.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 12.—Five of the best-known citizens of Murray county have been indicted by the United States grand jury for murder and conspiracy. The men indicted are John Edmondson, Tom Wright, an ex-United States deputy marshal, W. A. Hannah, George Terry and Merrill Wood. These parties are all believed to be members of the Ku-Klux band. Judge John Edmondson owns 3,000 acres of fine land in Murray county and is one of the leading citizens of his section of the state. He gave a \$5,000 bond and went back home. Edmondson is said to be the leader of the band. He and Hannah came to Atlanta and gave themselves up. Deputy marshals are hunting for the others.

A PECULIAR CASE. Physicians Puzzled by the Experience of Mrs. Bowen.

The Episcopal Hospital Said She Had Consumption.

(From the Record, Philadelphia, Pa.) Last July the Episcopal hospital admitted a woman whose pale and emaciated face and racking cough proclaimed her the victim of consumption. She gave her name as Mrs. Sallie G. Bowen, wife of Wm. G. Bowen, residence, 1849 McJannet St., Philadelphia. The case was diagnosed and she was told plainly that she was in an advanced stage of consumption. The examining physician even showed her the sunken place in her breast where the cavity in her lung was supposed to exist. She went home to her family a broken, disheartened woman with death staring her in the face. That was the beginning of the story, the end was told by Mrs. Bowen, who no longer expects to die, to a reporter who visited her home.

"The first symptoms of consumption came in the form of terrible sweats, both night and day. From April until September I was constantly cold and kept wrapped up in blankets through the hottest weather. A terrible cough took possession of me, my chest was sore to the slightest touch, and my limbs were like cold clay. The hardest rubbing with the coarsest towel would not create the slightest flush, and the least exertion would so exhaust me that I could barely grasp for water.

"I went to the hospital in July and they diagnosed my case as above stated. It was when the clouds were the darkest that the first glint of sunshine came. Mr. Sheldene, a friend, who lives around at 1841 Clementine St., said to me one day: 'Mrs. Bowen, did you ever try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People? I had never heard of the medicine, but in my condition could not turn a deaf ear to anything that offered relief. It was after considerable thought and investigation that I concluded to discontinue all the medicine I was taking, including cod liver oil, and depend entirely upon Pink Pills. I began to take the Pills, at first with but little encouragement. The first sign of improvement was a warmth and a tingling sensation in my limbs. Finally the cough disappeared, my chest lost its soreness and I began to gain flesh until I was fifteen pounds heavier. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I cannot praise them too highly.'

Mrs. Bowen is a kindly faced lady of middle age, a church member well-known and highly esteemed. She looks to-day well and strong, and it seems almost impossible that she was ever given up by eminent physicians as an incurable consumptive. Yet such is the case beyond all dispute.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., for 50c per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

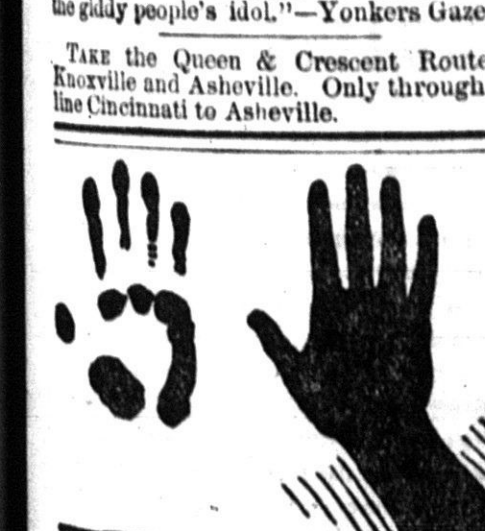
A BAD ATTACK.—Bell—"Was Jones sick coming over?" Pell—"Terribly! We were three hours ahead of the record at one time, and he didn't take the slightest interest in it."—Puck.

MARKET GARDENERS GROW RICH. There is lots of money made in early vegetables. Everybody admits that the very earliest vegetables are produced from Salzer's Northern Grown seeds. Think of having radishes in fourteen days; lettuce in twenty days; potatoes in forty days; peas in forty-six days, and splendid cabbage in fifty-five days from day of sowing seed!

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with \$1 money order to the John A. Salzer Seed company, LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free thirty-five packages earliest vegetable seeds and their great seed catalogue, or for six cents postage a package of FOURTEEN DAY PARIS RADISH seed and their seed catalogue. [K]

WISDOM OF THE AZTECS.—An Aztec maxim reads: "Woe to the man who finds himself the giddy people's idol."—Yonkers Gazette.

TAKE THE Queen & Crescent Route to Knoxville and Asheville. Only through car line Cincinnati to Asheville.



LEAVES ITS MARK

every one of the painful irregularities and weaknesses that prey upon women. They fade the face, waste the figure, ruin the temper, wither you up, make you old before your time.

Get well! That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength. It's a powerful, general, as well as uterine, tonic and nerve, imparting vigor and strength to the entire system.



Mrs. Anna Ulrich, of Elm Creek, Buffalo Co., Neb., writes: "I enjoy good health thanks to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I was under doctors' care for two years with womb disease, and gradually wasting in strength all the time. I was so weak that I could sit up in bed only a few moments, for two years. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken one-half dozen bottles I was up and going wherever I pleased, and have had good health and been very strong ever since—that was two years and a half ago."

A book of 168 pages on "Woman and Her Diseases" mailed sealed, on receipt of 10 cents in stamps for postage. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 603 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

PRACTICALLY DEFEATED.

Carlisle's Currency Measure Dealt a Crushing Blow.

On the 9th Mr. Outhwaite (dem., O.) presented the special order from the committee on rules, which provided for the closing of general debate on the consideration of the Springer substitute, as an original bill under the five-minute rule until 4:50 p. m. on the 11th, when it is provided for the report of the bill and pending amendments to the house for a final vote on the 12th, immediately after the morning hour.

Mr. Bland wanted to know if an opportunity to offer an amendment to strike out the enacting clause (which would kill the bill) would be given. Mr. Outhwaite said the rule discriminated against no amendments, and Mr. Springer assured the house that there would be no disposition to cut off members with amendments, but Mr. Bland was not satisfied and insisted that a provision be inserted in the rule or an agreement be had by which a vote could be had on his amendment.

After some further wrangling, during which Mr. Bland and others loudly protested that the adoption of the rule would cut them off, Mr. Outhwaite rejected all suggestions for amending the rule and demanded the previous question. The republicans voted solidly with the democratic opponents of the measure against ordering the previous question and it was defeated on a rising vote, 92 to 101.

Mr. Outhwaite hurriedly demanded the yeas and nays, and the roll was called, resulting in a defeat for the rule by a vote of 122 to 123. This, it is claimed, was a decisive test vote, and practically kills the bill.

DISASTROUS FLOODS.

Pennsylvania Towns Under Water—Southern Indiana Suffers.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Jan. 9.—With the exception of the flood of August, 1889, the present surpasses all the floods since 1860. The situation is alarming. Fowlerville, a suburb of New Haven is submerged; two-thirds of the citizens have already moved out, and if the water rises much higher their homes will be swept away. Reports from Dawson, Dickerson's Run, Bannings and other towns down the river say that they are now at the mercy of the waters, and great damage is being done.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 9.—Advices from southern Indiana tell of disastrous floods resulting from the heavy rains of the last forty-eight hours. At Bedford, on the Monon road the bridge across the river has been washed away and the trains are running via North Vernon. At Vienna, on the main line of the Jefferson, Madison & Indianapolis road, 300 feet of track has been washed away and traffic is seriously delayed from both north and south.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES.

Judge Ricks, of Ohio, to Be a Subject of Congressional Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—In the house Monday Mr. Johnson (O.) presented a memorial from Samuel J. Ritchie, of Ohio, asking for the impeachment of Judge Augustus J. Ricks, of Ohio, and the committee on judiciary was instructed to investigate the charges contained therein.

The charges against Judge Ricks are made under oath by S. J. Ritchie, of Akron, O., a wealthy capitalist of that section. While directed mainly at Judge Ricks, they indirectly affect Judge Burke and ex-United States Senator Payne, of Cleveland. The charges involve losses reaching \$6,000,000. Mr. Ritchie claims to have suffered in decisions made by Judge Ricks affecting Canadian copper and nickel mines.

BLIXT IS ARRAIGNED.

Attorneys for the Defense Set Up the Plea of Temporary Insanity.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 9.—Claus A. Blixt, the self-confessed murderer of Catherine Ging, the pretty milliner who was murderously shot several weeks ago and left dying on the roadside near this city, was arraigned for trial in the district court Monday. The attorneys for the defense set up the plea of temporary insanity brought on by the excessive use of alcoholic stimulants, which, they claim, was given Blixt by Hayward for the purpose of provoking the murderer to the deed. The case will be heard January 27.

A SENATOR EMBARRASSED.

Suit to Foreclose a Mortgage on Senator Martin's Home.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 9.—Suit was brought in the United States circuit court Tuesday to foreclose a mortgage on the home of United States Senator John Martin for \$6,000. The property is located on Capitol square and its value is estimated at four times the face value of the mortgage. It has been an open secret that Senator Martin has been close pressed financially for a long time, and that he was in a fair way to lose all his property. He will retire from the senate March 4 next a penniless man.

Tortured by Robbers.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Jan. 14.—Three masked men entered the home of Maurice Hoar, a wealthy farmer of Hartland, northeast of Rockford, and demanded money, holding his feet against a hot stove. They brutally beat him when he refused to comply. He finally told where he had \$45 and they took it and escaped, leaving no clew.

Banker Indicted.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—William W. Weston, president of the savings bank of Honesdale, Pa., was indicted by the grand jury four times Friday for aiding and abetting the alteration on certain notes which were signed by E. H. Simmons and a merchant in this city. He was brought before Recorder Goff and held in \$10,000 bail.

Eight Killed.

NAPLES, Jan. 14.—A violent wind and snowstorm swept over Foggia, on the great plain of Apulia, Friday. Six houses collapsed. Eight persons were killed and many others injured.

The Rise of the Buckwheat Cake

The leaven of yesterday ruins the cake of to-day. Don't spoil good buckwheat with dying raising-batter—fresh cakes want Royal Baking Powder. Grandma used to raise to-day's buckwheats with the souring left over of yesterday! Dear old lady, she was up to the good old times. But these are days of Royal Baking Powder—freshness into freshness raises freshness.

And this is the way the buckwheat cake of to-day is made: Two cups of Buckwheat, one cup of wheat flour, two tablespoons of Royal Baking Powder, one half teaspoonful of salt, all sifted well together. Mix with milk into a thin batter and bake at once on a hot griddle.

Do not forget that no baking powder can be substituted for the "Royal" in making pure, sweet, delicious, wholesome food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

PROOF—"Was ye hearin' that Jeanie Anderson's gettin' married?" Kirsty—"Stupid creature! How is she able to keep a man?"—Punch.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Waldring, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

"I do not think Binks was entirely to blame, but there are some features of the case which look dark for him." "What are they?" "Mrs. Binks."—Life.

Split the Century in Three Parts. And about one and a third of the last of these represents the term of popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the most highly sanctioned and widely known remedy in existence for dyspepsia, lack of stamina, liver complaint, constipation, nervousness, ineffectual rheumatism and inactivity of the kidneys. Neither spurious imitation nor underhand competition has affected the sale of this genuine remedy.

"But what earthly use is it to discover the North Pole? I can't see." "It will save future expeditions."—Harper's Bazar.

The True Laxative Principle Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well informed, you will use the true remedy only. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Co.

EVEN political silence is golden, but much of the political talk is leaden.—Yonkers Gazette.

\$6.00 to California Is price of double berth in Tourist Sleeping Car from Chicago on the famous "Phillips-Rock Island Tourist Excursions." Through cars on fast trains leave Chicago Tuesdays via Ft. Worth and El Paso, and Thursdays via Seaside Route. Write for particulars to A. P. PHILLIPS & CO., 104 Clark St., Chicago. JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

ADA—"Is Jack Rogers a talkative man?" Helen—"I've been trying for two years to make him speak."—Life.

CHECK Colds and Bronchitis with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

AGE begins on the day you begin to conceal it.—Fliegende Blätter.

THE Queen & Crescent Route is the best equipped and shortest line to Florida. Solid vestibuled trains and through sleepers.

There's Hard Work on Hand

when you try to wash without Pearline. Your hands show the hard work; your clothes show the wear. Pearline is harmless to the hands or fabric. It saves the Rub, Rub, Rub that wears; it saves the work that tires. It is cheap, safe and convenient. Get the best, when you get something to wash with. Soap has been but Pearline is.

Spare Pearline Spoil the Wash

TELLS ITS OWN STORY.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

THE BEST, PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL

Sold everywhere made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago

Try it once and you will - like thousands of other housewives - use no other.

EGZEMA

From early childhood until I was grown my family spent a fortune trying to cure me of this disease. I visited Hot Springs and was treated by the best medical men, but was not benefited. When all things had failed I determined to try S.S.S. and in four months was entirely cured. The terrible eczema was gone, not a sign of it left. My general health built up, and I have never had any return of the disease. I have often recommended S.S.S. and have never yet known a failure to cure.

GEO. W. IRWIN, Irwin, Pa. Never fails to cure, even when all other remedies have. Our treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address.

FROM CHILDHOOD

SSS

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

A. N. K.—A 1535

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Here and There.

The time to trim grapevines is in the winter. Such work should never be postponed until spring, as the trimming of the vines after the flow of sap begins is sure to do harm. It is not necessary to cut back severely, but in trimming a grapevine it should be done to give good appearance and at the same time secure the best yield of fruit.

An example of the enormous decrease of the value of farm lands in England is afforded by a recent sale of 8,000 acres for \$5 per acre. The same land was sold thirty years ago for \$50 per acre. The land tax and the tithes which are collected for the support of the church amount to 50 per cent. of the rent paid for the use of the land at the present time.

The bankers of the state will ask for some important legislation, and bills have already been formulated for presentation. One change that will be asked for is to do away with the time honored three days of grace, a relic of banking days long since passed. The days of grace is a useless incumbrance, handed down from generation of long ago when the facilities for communication were far less perfect than they are to day. The customer of the bank gains no advantage from the days of grace as the interest is computed for the extra days in every instance.

Michigan's State Teachers association resolved at its recent meeting "that it was a downright sin for any one employed in schools to use tobacco in any form, and they called on the board of education to throw out of employment those who chewed or smoked." The association teachers have a right to set a code for themselves, but they have no right to ask that all who do not subscribe to it shall be thrown out in the cold. The tobacco habit is objectionable; but it can not be half so objectionable as these periodic attempts to make the state a censor of personal habits.—Ex.

Depratment Commander Louis Kanitz of the Michigan Grand Army has issued orders severely condemning the practice of soliciting indorsement for public office on partisan principals in Grand Army circles and reproves in particular the A. S. Williams post of Charlotte for issuing a circular to old comrades all over the state asking their endorsement for Phillip T. Van Zile for supreme judge. In reference to this circular he points out the rules violated. Secretary of State Gardner is among those who complained of the circular to the commander, but in the complaint he stated that in all probability the rules were violated unconsciously.

The death from consumption in human beings are 25 to 35 per cent less than they were thirty to forty years ago. There has been no unnatural scare about the disease in human beings, no attempt to kill off the consumptives or even to imprison them. This gain in exemption from disease has been made by better observance of health laws. This same method will prove equally efficacious in lessing tuberculosis disease among cows, when ever it is applied. That will not be until the veterinarians who are pursuing their fad of stamping out tuberculosis by slaughter have been shown that their notions are impracticable as they certainly are oppressive.

"Sheep," says a writer, "are a species of stock which are naturally as free from disease as any of our domestic animals, but when once attacked they give up easily and do not try to rally. In our own experience preventing disease by giving the flock common care—neither coddling nor neglecting—we have been fairly successful, and consider sheep one of the best paying branches of farm economy. A hog dies and we have nothing to repay us for our labor of burial; from a horse we have an inferior hide and perhaps his shoes; a cow's hide is usually worth taking off, but when a sheep goes the way of all flesh, it never dies in debt, that is, its fleece will always pay for what has been eaten since last shearing. Keep sheep."

From the Grass Lake News: "Rev. Fr. Considine, of Chelsea, conducted a most interesting Catholic service at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cullen, on West Main street in this village, last Thursday forenoon. Those present attended confession before mass, and ere the exercises closed, the holy communion was administered with impressive solemnity. During the exercises the Reverend Father spoke of the birth of Christ, his circumcision, death and ascension, and in beautiful language explained that but for the great love for the souls of men that induced the Son of God to come to earth and to submit to humiliation of persecution and death, there would be no salvation for our race. We owe all to Christ; to him is due our holiest praise. The pathos and earnestness of the eloquent Priest's appeal, seemed to touch every heart. The parlor was filled with communicants, and the services partook of the always solemn and impressive dignity of the Catholic ritual. It was the second time a Catholic service was ever held in Grass Lake."

Unadilla Items.

Mr. F. May is on the sick list.

Wm. Weston, of Webster, is visiting his brother Albert.

Mrs. L. K. Hadley visited friends in Webster last week.

Frank Hopkins commenced work for Mr. L. Allyn last week.

Our snow storm makes people hustle to get wood to keep warm.

Mr. N. Fuller, of Detroit, visited his old friends in Unadilla last week.

Vesta Knott, of Stokbridge, visited at the home of E. C. May last Saturday and Sunday.

The Longest Words.

Below are the nine longest words in the English language at the present writing:

Subconstitutionalist.
Philoprogenitiveness.
Honorificabilitudinit.
Incomprehensibility.
Honorificabilitudinit.
Anthropogeogenenarianism.
Disproportionableness.
Velocipedestrianist.
Transubstantiationableness.
Proantitransubstantiationist.—The Student.

Farm Notes.

Good stock and low prices will give better results than poor stock and good prices.

Potatoes and apples should be handled carefully, and not rolled down into the cellar through slutes or dumped out of wagons.

We buy over 30,000,000 pounds of currants from foreign countries and yet it is a fruit that thrives in nearly all sections of the United States.

No kind of fruit need be lost. If there is no market within convenient distance the fruit may be evaporated. It is not difficult to dispose of fruit in some form.

It is said that there is not now a single merino sheep in England. The British farmers make a specialty of mutton in place of wool and consider sheep very profitable stock.

As soon as the ground is frozen cut away the old wood of the blackberries and raspberries. A good shovelful of manure around each bunch of canes will benefit them when they start to grow in the spring.

Onions are imported into this country every year. We do not grow enough of them for ordinary use, while the supply of small white onions for pickling is seldom up to the demand at any period of the growing season.

While less than 800,000 acres were devoted to other cereals in Scotland last year, 1,000,000 acres were sown to oats. Scotland is not one of our competitors in the wheat line, but the wheat crop of India is 6 per cent. greater than in 1893.

Pretty Ideas for Tea Tables.

This seasons napery is, for its artistic scheme, of an elaborate and web-like texture. A solid piece of drawn work in squares, in which embroidered silk by its aid gives to the cover great brilliancy.

They should, for the tea table, hang a trifle over the edge, and can be lined effectively with cream satin. Still, fine linens are constantly used for this purpose, those embroidered in deep creams, with flowers, such as carnations and morning glories, or ornamental designs, will prevail.

All pretty tea services, with trays to match, are now in vogue. Cracker jars, in which the already-mentioned tea predominates. For delicacy of tone, ivory is the scheme, the gold being its charming decoration.

Brass tea kettles on a smaller table are still in use, but do not occupy such a prominent position as formerly. For reflection, of course, the tea, with slices of lemon and a dash of rum; chocolate, with whipped cream, still holds its own, accompanied with delicate sponge cake, and sweet crackers.

Have a good-sized pitcher of good coffee, cold, creamed and well sweetened. Serve in small glasses. Just before serving place in each glass a tablespoonful of rich ice cream. This, with small, square, home-made cakes, is a beautiful refreshment for any lady's table.—Courier.

Excursions.

Grand Lodge Free and Accepted Masons of Michigan, Detroit, Jan. 22-24, 1895. An excursion rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip is authorized for the above occasion to Detroit and return. Good to return until Jan. 25, 1895, inclusive.

Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. F. Wood. 36

Odds and Ends.

"The postage stamps of the present administration" says the Livingston Herald, "curl up like the seared sunburnt grass leaflets of draught stricken Nebraska. We have heard many remark: 'What ails the new issue of postage stamps? they curl up so.' Grover or Hill must have breathed on them, everything seems to be blasted that they have touched, even the Tam many ring itself."

To manage a furnace fire: The fire should be shaken down and raked perfectly clear every morning. A few shovelfuls of coal should be put on every morning. A few shovelfuls of coal should be put on and all the draughts opened. The ashes should be taken up. As soon as the coal begins to burn well and the fire looks clear at the bottom put in coal enough to come almost to the top of the fire box.

A good butter cow should produce at least 1 pound of butter a day. There are hundreds of cows which produce double that quantity, but where a farmer has a herd he can just as easily produce a pound of butter, from each cow as not provided he will raise his calves and breed for butter-producing qualities. Breeders of pure stock would not keep a cow in the herd that even produced so small a quantity of butter as a pound a day.

Talk about Yankee versatility and ingenuity, the people of this country know nothing about it until they begin acquainting themselves with some of the mysteries of American Pharmacopoeia. There have been discoveries made by the Yankee in the realm of mechanics that have reflected credit on the discoverer, and the Yankee lawyer has now and then acquitted himself before a jury in a fashion to swell the breast of a doating parent, while the pulpit has been filled by Yankees who were second editions of Whitefields, but all Yankee accomplishments in pulpit, at the bar or in mechanics pale into insignificance when compared with what chemical compounders have accomplished in the Pharmacopoeia.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Beautiful Pictures.

From life. Forty eight of them, each 5x7 inches and gems of art, making altogether the grandest calendar in the world. Only ten cents for the collection. Don't wait until all are sold. Send order at once to The American Engraving Company, 300 Dearborn St. Chicago, Ill.

Markets.

Chelsea, Jan. 17 1895.

Eggs, per dozen	17c
Butter, per pound	15c
Oats, per bushel	30c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	51c
Potatoes, per bushel	40c
Apples, per bushel	75c
Onions, per bushel	35c
Beans, per bushel	\$1.35

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made for more than sixty days in payment of installments of interest over due and payable on a mortgage dated January 3rd, A. D. 1889, made by Christian Gentner and Mary Ann Gentner, his wife, to the Chelsea Savings Bank, a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of the State of Michigan, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on the 25th day of January, A. D. 1889, in liber 72 of mortgages, on page 429, for which default the Chelsea Savings Bank by virtue of the right given it by said mortgage, has made and hereby makes the principal sum of said mortgage and interest accrued thereon now due and payable, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and attorney's fee, as provided for in said mortgage, Thirteen hundred and Fifty-one Dollars and sixty-one Cents, (\$1,351.61).

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder, on Monday, the 15th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon, at the East front door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County), to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage, and all legal costs, to-wit: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the Townships of Lima and Sharon in said County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, described as follows, viz:

Commencing at the South quarter section post of section thirty-one (31) of township two, (2), South of range four (4) east, running thence North 89 degrees East sixteen chains fifty-two links, along the South line of the section, thence North one degree, West forty (40) chains and sixteen (16) links, thence South 89 degrees West four (4) chains ninety-one (91) links along the quarter line, thence South one degree East twenty-two (22) chains, thence South 89 degrees West eleven chains and sixty-one (61) links, thence South one degree East eighteen chains sixteen links along the quarter line, to the place of beginning, containing forty acres of land.

Also six (6) acres of land off the entire South end of the West half of the South-west quarter of the South quarter of section number one (1), in township number three (3) South of range three East, (Sharon), in the State of Michigan.

Dated, January 11, 1895.
CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK, Mortgagee.
G. V. TURNBULL, Attorney for Mortgagee. 38



The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

YOUR HOME PAPER

cannot be replaced by even greater publications from larger cities; they cannot supply completely the many items of home news that are of the greatest interest, but for State, National, and world wide news, the greater paper must be looked to. The Detroit EVENING NEWS stands as the leader in the State, and should go hand in hand with your home paper.

2 CENTS PER COPY.
10 CENTS PER WEEK.
\$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL.

The Evening News,
DETROIT, MICH.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night terrors; restlessness; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicose veins; deposit in urine and drains at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength—WE CAN CURE YOU!

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DRs. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAS. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.

John A. Manlin says: "I was one of the countless victims of early ignorance and exposure to blood diseases completed the work. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a 'gay life' and exposure to blood diseases completed the work. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, drain in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blotches on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Have you blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge (charges reasonable). BOOKS FREE—"The Golden Monitor" (illustrated), on Diseases of Men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medical line sent C. O. D. No names or boxes of medicine. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment, FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST. DETROIT, MICH.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 18th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Express 5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express 7:33 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express 3:19 P. M.

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express 9:17 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express 10:52 P. M.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

It...

Is a well-known fact that judicious advertising always pays—especially news-paper advertising. If you put your "ad" in the right paper your business will grow, because people will see that you are alive, and they would rather deal with a live man than a corpse. If you advertise in this paper you will find that it

Pay.

\$40.00 PER WEEK

FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.

Great time and money saved. A necessity during hard times and a convenience always. The outfit ever offered for home use for repairing boots, shoes, rubber boots, coats, harness, wire fences, and hundreds of things which constantly need attention. Full instruction sent with each outfit so that a man can use the money saved in making these tools pay for themselves many times every year. Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and standard, and everything necessary for complete work. 25 articles only \$2.00. See cat. Extra tools etc., for harness work, \$3.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set in a place secures the agency and makes large profits. No goods until paid for. Address, ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Hiram, Ohio.